Review Requirements Checklist

Commercial Multi-Peril

Contact Person: Karen Harris (217) 782-1791

Line(s) of Insurance/Business:

• Commercial Multi-Peril; filing code(s) 5.0000

• Non-Liability Portion; filing code 5.1000

• Liability Portion; filing code 5.2000

• Builders' Risk; filing code 5.0001

• Business Owners; filing code 5.0002

• Commercial Package Policy; filing code 5.0003

Manufacturer's Output Policy; filing code 5.0004

• Other CMP Policies; filing code 5.0005

Links:

- <u>Illinois Compiled Statutes Online</u>
- Administrative Regulations Online
- Product Coding Matrix

The Department's checklists include summaries that do not provide detailed information about all laws, regulations and bulletins. Therefore, the insurers should review the actual laws, regulations and bulletins to ensure forms are fully compliant before filing with the Department.

A form filing fee is required pursuant to 215 ILCS 5/408 (1)(jj).

LINE OF AUTHORITY	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Must have proper Class and	215 ILCS 5/4	To write Commercial Multi-Peril (Non-Liability
Clause authority to conduct this		Portion), companies must be licensed to write:
line of business in Illinois.	<u>List of</u>	
	Classes/Clauses	1. Class 2, Clauses (e), (f), (h), (i), (j), and
		2. Class 3, Clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g),
		(h).
		To write Commercial Multi-Peril (Liability Portion),
		companies must be licensed to write:

		 Class 2, Clauses (c), (e), (f), (h), (i), (j), and Class 3, Clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h).
SERFF FILING	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS
The submission letter must contain specified information.	50 IL Adm. Code 753	All companies must file, using the System for Electronic Rate and Form Filing (SERFF):
"Me too" filings are not allowed.		 Copies of all policy forms on these kinds of business and, for mutual companies, a separate proxy signature line for the insured to sign, if applicable; Copies of generally used endorsement forms on these kinds of business; Copies of all application forms used on these kinds of business, including a separate proxy signature line for the insured to sign if applicable; A copy of the declaration page, in non-individualized, template form, absent personal policyholder information; and A copy of the policy jacket, if used by the company. All filings must be accompanied by a forms submission letter that includes: The name of the advisory organization or company making the filing: Title, form number, and edition identification for the forms; Information as to what Class and Clause coverage is written under:
		 4. Identification of all applicable endorsements and applications as to the policy forms for which the endorsements and applications are used; 5. Notification as to whether the filing is new or
		supersedes a present filing. Identification of all changes in all superseding filings, as well

	as identification of all superseded forms, is
	required; and
	6. Effective date of use.
	Companies under the same ownership or general
	management are required to make separate
	individual company filings.
	Company Group ("Me too") filings are unacceptable.
EFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
	REQUIREMENTS
IL Adm.	Forms must be received by the Department no later
ode 753	than their effective date of use.
IL Adm.	Typed or printer's proof copies may be submitted for
ode 753	review but must be re-filed in printed form.
	Statements, provisions, or endorsements may not be
	typed or superimposed on a policy or endorsement.
<u>ompany</u>	Company must include all Federal Employer
ulletin 88-53	Identification Numbers (FEINs) for companies
	making the filing.
ompan <u>y</u>	All forms under an assigned filing number must have
ulletin 88-53	some common coverage relationship (e.g. all forms
	in an auto filing must pertain only to auto, etc.).
	Please refer to Company Bulletin 88-53 for specific
	information and guidance.
EFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
	REQUIREMENTS
5 ILCS	Insurance policies issued to those qualifying as
	industrial insureds are not subject to the policy form
	filing requirements of 215 ILCS 5/143(3).
5 ILCS	
	Effective January 1, 2015, the standard for the
121-2.08	Effective January 1, 2015, the standard for the industrial insured exemption has changed due to the
121-2.08	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
121-2.08	industrial insured exemption has changed due to the
<u>121-2.08</u>	industrial insured exemption has changed due to the passage of Public Act 98-0978 ("Act"). The Act now
	IL Adm. de 753 IL Adm. de 753 IL Adm. de 753 Illetin 88-53 Illetin 88-53 Illetin 88-53

		Department intends to follow this new standard when determining applicability of the industrial insured exemption to the policy form filing requirements.
Manuscript endorsements are not required to be filed.	215 ILCS 5/143(3)	Insurers are not required to file riders or endorsements prepared to meet special, unusual, peculiar, or extraordinary conditions applying to an individual risk. Because Section 143(3) exempts only riders or endorsements, policy forms applying to an individual risk must still be filed. In addition, because Section 143(3) exempts only endorsements applying to an individual risk, if a company uses the same endorsement on more than one risk, such form no
SIDE BY SIDE	REFERENCE	longer qualifies for the filing exemption and must be filed. DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
COMPARISON	50 H A I	REQUIREMENTS
Form changes must be highlighted.	50 IL Adm. Code 753	Changes from currently filed forms must be highlighted.
THIRD PARTY FILERS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
AUTHORITY	REFERENCE	REQUIREMENTS
Insurer may authorize an advisory organization to make a form filing on its behalf. Insurer may change or delay the effective date of an advisory organization form filing by properly notifying the Department. Insurer may authorize attorneys, consulting firms, etc. to submit form filings to the Department, as long as the filing includes proper authorization.	50 IL Adm. Code 753	Insurer may authorize an advisory organization, of which it is a member or subscriber, to file forms on its behalf, as long as the insurer has on file with the Department a forms authorization letter which includes: 1) the name of the authorized advisory organization. 2) the kinds of business for which filings will be made. 3) authorization clause or language. 4) effective date of authorization. Insurer may change or delay the effective date of an advisory organization form filing by notifying the Department. The notice shall include the insurer name, FEIN number, line of insurance, advisory organization name and filing number, and effective date desired.

		Insurer may authorize attorneys, consulting firms, etc. to submit form filings to the Department as long as the filing includes a notice, signed by an authorized company officer, giving authority for the entity to act on the insurer's behalf on any issues related to the filing.
AMBIGUOUS &	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
MISLEADING		REQUIREMENTS
The Director may disapprove a	215 ILCS	Director may disapprove any form that contains
form filing if it contains	5/143(2)	inconsistent, ambiguous, or misleading clauses.
inconsistent, ambiguous, or		
misleading clauses.		
APPLICATIONS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Applications must be filed.	50 IL Adm.	Applications must be filed, including
	Code 753	online/electronic applications.
APPRAISAL	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Requirements for appraisal	215 ILCS 5/397	Policy must contain an appraisal provision that
provisions.		conforms to the Standard Fire Policy. Any forms that
	<u>50 IL Adm.</u>	contain provisions to the contrary conflict with the
	Code 2301	Standard Fire Policy minimum language and are
		deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that
	215 ILCS	unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are
	5/143(2)	purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation
		of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
		accordingly.
ARBITRATION	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
	TEL EILE (CE	REQUIREMENTS
Requirements for arbitration	215 ILCS 5/397	Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to
provisions.		the contract, or the breach thereof, may be settled
	50 IL Adm.	within a reasonable time limit by arbitration
	Code 2301	administered by the American Arbitration
		Association in accordance with the Uniform
	710 ILCS 5/1	Arbitration Act 710 ILCS 5/1.
		r Hold addit Act / 10 ILCS 3/1.
	215 ILCS	The arbitration may be binding on both parties, or
	5/143(2)	non-binding upon the insured, but in all instances
		must be entered into on a voluntary basis, as the
		insured must have the option of filing a lawsuit per
		moured must have the option of filling a fawsuit per

D A NIV DI IDTCIV		Lines 157-161 of the Standard Fire Policy. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary conflict with the Standard Fire Policy minimum language and are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly. DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
BANKRUPTCY PROVISIONS	REFERENCE	REQUIREMENTS
Policies that contain liability coverage must include a bankruptcy provision.		All policies containing liability coverage must include a provision stating that insolvency or bankruptcy of the insured shall not release the company from its duties to pay under the policy.
CANCELLATION & NON- RENEWAL	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS
May not refuse to issue a policy on sole basis of previous refusal, cancellation or nonrenewal by any insurer.		No company shall refuse to issue a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy was cancelled on a prior date by any insurer.
Loss information requested for underwriting.	215 ILCS 5/143.10a	No prospective insurer shall request the insured to provide more detailed loss information than required by it to underwrite the same line or class of insurance.
Loss information required to be provided.	5/143.10a	Insurer shall provide the following loss information to the first named insured within 30 days of the insured's request, and at the same time as any notice of cancellation or nonrenewal, except where the policy has been cancelled for nonpayment of premium, material misrepresentations or fraud on the part of the insured: a) on closed claims, date and description of
		occurrence, and total amounts of payments; b) on open claims, date and description of occurrence, total amount of payments and total reserves, if any; and

		c) for any occurrence not included in (a) or (b), the date and description of occurrence and total reserves,
		if any.
		Insurer shall provide additional loss information,
		including specific loss reserves, to the first named
		insured as soon as possible, but in no event later than
		20 days of receipt of named insured's mailed or
		delivered written request for such information at the
		request of a prospective insurer.
		Insurer shall automatically extend coverage under
		the existing policy, at the same terms and conditions
		by the same number of days it takes the insurer to
		provide the insured with this additional information.
Policy must contain cancellation		Policy must include a cancellation provision setting
provision.		out the manner in which the policy may be cancelled.
CONDITIONAL RENEWAL	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Assignment or transfer of	215 ILCS	Assignment or transfer of policies among or between
policies among or between	<u>5/143.11b</u>	insurers within an insurance holding company
insurers within an insurance		system or insurers under common management or
holding company system or		control, or as a result of a merger, acquisition, or
insurers under common		restructuring of an insurance company, is not a
management or control, or as a		nonrenewal for purposes of the notification
result of a merger, acquisition,		requirements.
or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal		If the increase in the renewal premium is 30% or
for purposes of the notification		more, contains a change in deductibles or change in
requirements.		coverage that materially alters the policy, the
requirements.		company must adhere to provisions in Section
		143.17a as described below.
		143.17a as described below.
		143.17a as described below. A company making an assignment or transfer of a
		A company making an assignment or transfer of a
		A company making an assignment or transfer of a policy among or between insurers as stated above,
		A company making an assignment or transfer of a policy among or between insurers as stated above, must deliver to the named insured notice of such
		A company making an assignment or transfer of a policy among or between insurers as stated above, must deliver to the named insured notice of such assignment or transfer at least 60 days prior to the

Requirements for advance notice of renewal with changes in deductibles, changes in coverage that materially alters the policy, or increase of 30% or Court Rule 236 more.

215 ILCS 5/143.17a

Illinois Supreme

If an insurer offers to renew directly to the named insured with a renewal increase of 30% or more, or with a change in deductible or coverage that materially alters the policy, the insurer must mail or deliver to the named insured, written notice of such premium increase or change at least 60 days prior to the renewal or anniversary date.

The increase in premium shall be the renewal premium based on the known exposure as of the date of the quotation compared to the premium as of the last day of coverage for the current year's policy, annualized. The premium may be subsequently amended to reflect any change in exposure or reinsurance costs not considered in the quotation. The renewal notice must provide the specific dollar amount of the premium. Renewal notices issued with the wording "your premium increase will be 30% or more" do not comply with the Code.

Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy.

If the insurer fails to provide 60 days notice in advance of the renewal or anniversary date but provides notice at least 31 days prior to the renewal or anniversary date, the company must extend the current policy under the same terms, conditions and premium to allow 60 days notice, and provide the actual renewal premium quotation and any change in coverage or deductible on the policy. If the insurer fails to provide 31 days advance notice as described above, the insurer must renew the expiring policy under the same terms and conditions for an additional year or until the effective date of any similar coverage procured by the insured, whichever is earlier. The insurer may increase the renewal premium, however such increase must be less than 30% of the expiring term's premium, and notice of such increase must be delivered to the named insured

		on or before the date of expiration of the current
		policy period.
		Proof of mailing or proof of receipt may be proven
		by a sworn affidavit by the insurer as to the usual and
		customary business practices of mailing notices
		pursuant to Section143.17a or may be proven
		consistent with Illinois Supreme Court Rule 236.
MINIMUM RETAINED	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
PREMIUM		REQUIREMENTS
Minimum earned premium	215 ILCS 5/397	The Standard Fire Policy provides for pro rata return
provisions are prohibited.		of premium if the insurer cancels the policy. Any
	215 ILCS	forms that contain provisions to the contrary conflict
	5/143(2)	with the Standard Fire Policy minimum language and
		are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are
		purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation
		of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
		accordingly.
NOTICE OF	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
CANCELLATION		REQUIREMENTS
CANCELLATION Cancellation notice mailing	215 ILCS	REQUIREMENTS Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named
	215 ILCS 5/143.14	_
Cancellation notice mailing		Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements		Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer.
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed		Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed		Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed		Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed	5/143.14	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed	5/143.14	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed	5/143.14	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy. Section 143.14 also contains requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts and
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed	5/143.14	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy. Section 143.14 also contains requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts and procedures for returning unearned premium. See law
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts.	5/143.14	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy. Section 143.14 also contains requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts and procedures for returning unearned premium. See law for specific details of requirements.
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts. Number of days notice required	5/143.14 215 ILCS	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy. Section 143.14 also contains requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts and procedures for returning unearned premium. See law for specific details of requirements. Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts. Number of days notice required for cancellation of commercial	5/143.14	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy. Section 143.14 also contains requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts and procedures for returning unearned premium. See law for specific details of requirements. Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at least: 10 days prior to effective date of
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts. Number of days notice required for cancellation of commercial policies and notice	5/143.14 215 ILCS	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy. Section 143.14 also contains requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts and procedures for returning unearned premium. See law for specific details of requirements. Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at least: 10 days prior to effective date of cancellation for nonpayment of premium; 30 days
Cancellation notice mailing requirements and requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts. Number of days notice required for cancellation of commercial	5/143.14 215 ILCS	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at the last mailing address known by insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy. Section 143.14 also contains requirements for canceling premium financed insurance contracts and procedures for returning unearned premium. See law for specific details of requirements. Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named insured at least: 10 days prior to effective date of

		of cancellation after coverage has been effective for 61 days or more.
		All notices shall include a specific explanation of the reason(s) for cancellation.
Cancellation of fire and marine policies with 10 days' advance notice.	215 ILCS 5/143.20a 215 ILCS 5/4	Property policies issued for the kinds of business enumerated in Class 3 of Section 4 may be cancelled with 10 days' written notice to the named insureds if the insured property is found to consist of one or more of the following: a) Buildings to which, following a fire loss, permanent repairs have not commenced within 60 days after satisfactory adjustment of loss, unless such delay is a direct result of a labor dispute or weather conditions;
		b) Buildings which have been unoccupied 60 consecutive days, except buildings which have a seasonal occupancy and buildings which are undergoing construction, repair or reconstruction and are properly secured against unauthorized entry; c) Buildings on which, because of their physical condition, there is an outstanding order to vacate, an outstanding demolition order, or which have been
		declared unsafe in accordance with applicable law; d) Buildings on which heat, water, sewer service or public lighting have not been connected for 30 consecutive days or more. All such notices of cancellation must be sent by
		certified mail and regular mail to the address of record of the named insured, and all such cancellations shall be made on a pro rata basis.
Insurer must advise insured of eligibility for the Illinois FAIR Plan Association.	215 ILCS 5/143.22	When a policy containing fire and extended coverage insurance is cancelled, other than for nonpayment of premium or evidence of incendiarism, and if the location of the insured property is within the State of

		Illinois, insurers must notify named insureds of their eligibility for the FAIR Plan and explain the
		procedure to make application. Such notice must accompany or be included in the cancellation notice.
Cancellation notice must advise	215 ILCS	If an insurer cancels a commercial policy mid-term
insured of right to request a	<u>5/143.23</u>	per Section 143.16a, for any reason except non-
hearing.		payment of premium, the cancellation notice must
	215 ILCS	advise the named insured of the right to appeal and
	<u>5/143.16a</u>	the procedure to follow for such appeal.
NOTICE OF NON-	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
RENEWAL		REQUIREMENTS
Number of days notice required	215 ILCS	Nonrenewal notice must be mailed to the named
for nonrenewing a commercial	<u>5/143.17a</u>	insured at least 60 days in advance of the nonrenewal
policy and other notice		date.
requirements.		
		Insurer must maintain proof of mailing of such
		notice on a recognized U.S. Post Office form or a
		form acceptable to the U.S. Post Office or other
		commercial mail delivery service.
		If the insurer fails to mail notice of nonrenewal to the
		named insured at least 60 days in advance of the
		nonrenewal date, the insurer must extend the policy
		for an additional year or until the effective date of
		any similar insurance procured by the insured,
		whichever is less, on the same terms and conditions
		as the policy sought to be terminated, unless the
		insurer has manifested its intention to renew at a
		different premium that represents an increase not
		exceeding 30%.
		Notification must also be mailed to the insured's
		broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the
		mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy.
		Nonrenewal notice must provide a specific
		explanation of the reason(s) for nonrenewal.
Insurer must advise insured of	215 ILCS	When a policy containing fire and extended coverage
eligibility for the Illinois FAIR	5/143.22	insurance is nonrenewed, other than for evidence of
Plan Association.		incendiarism, and if the location of the insured

	ı	
		property is within the State of Illinois, insurers must
		notify named insureds of their eligibility for the
		FAIR Plan and explain the procedure to make
		application. Such notice must accompany or be
		included in the cancellation notice.
PERMISSIBLE REASONS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
FOR CANCELLATION		REQUIREMENTS
May not cancel because agent's	215 ILCS	Insurers may not cancel any policy on the ground
contract with insurer was	<u>5/141.01</u>	that the company's contract with the agent through
terminated.		whom the policy was obtained has been terminated.
May not cancel a policy on sole	215 ILCS	Insurers may not cancel a policy on the sole basis
basis of previous refusal,	<u>5/143.10</u>	that the insured or applicant for such policy was
cancellation or nonrenewal by		previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy by
any insurer.		an insurer, or such insured's policy was cancelled on
		a prior date by any insurer.
Reasons for canceling a	215 ILCS	After a policy has been in effect for 60 days, insurer
commercial policy that has been	5/143.16a	may only cancel for the following 6 reasons: (a) non-
in effect for 60 days or more.		payment of premium; (b) the policy was obtained
_	50 IL Adm.	through a material misrepresentation; (c) any insured
	Code 940	violated any terms and conditions of the policy; (d)
		the risk originally accepted has measurably
		increased; (e) the insurer certifies to the Director of
		the loss of reinsurance for all or a substantial part of
		the underlying risk; or (f) the Director determines
		that continuation of the policy could place the insurer
		in violation of Illinois insurance laws.
		Rule 940 outlines requirements for certification of
		loss of reinsurance.
Cancellation of fire and marine	215 ILCS	Property policies issued for the kinds of business
policies with 10 days' advance	5/143.20a	enumerated in Class 3 of Section 4 may be cancelled
notice.	_	with 10 days' written notice to the named insureds if
	215 ILCS 5/4	the insured property is found to consist of one or
		more of the following:
		-
		a) Buildings to which, following a fire loss,
		permanent repairs have not commenced within 60
		days after satisfactory adjustment of loss, unless such

		delay is a direct result of a labor dispute or weather conditions;
		b) Buildings which have been unoccupied 60 consecutive days, except buildings which have a seasonal occupancy and buildings which are undergoing construction, repair or reconstruction and are properly secured against unauthorized entry;
		c) Buildings on which, because of their physical condition, there is an outstanding order to vacate, an outstanding demolition order, or which have been declared unsafe in accordance with applicable law;
		d) Buildings on which heat, water, sewer service or public lighting have not been connected for 30 consecutive days or more.
		All such notices of cancellation must be sent by certified mail and regular mail to the address of record of the named insured, and all such cancellations shall be made on a pro rata basis.
PERMISSIBLE REASONS FOR NON-RENEWAL	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS
Insurers may nonrenew for	215 ILCS	Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s)
almost any reason(s) except those specifically prohibited in other Illinois insurance laws or	5/143.17a	except those specifically prohibited in other Illinois insurance laws or regulations.
regulations.		However, insurers must give a specific explanation of the reason(s) for nonrenewal.
However, insurers must give a specific explanation of the reason(s) for nonrenewal.		of the reason(s) for nomenewar.
May not refuse to renew	215 ILCS	Insurers may not refuse to renew any policy on the
because agent's contract with insurer was terminated.	<u>5/141.01</u>	ground that the company's contract with the agent through whom the policy was obtained has been terminated.
May not refuse to renew a policy on sole basis of previous	215 ILCS 5/143.10	Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal of a

refusal, cancellation or		policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy was
nonrenewal by any insurer.		cancelled on a prior date by any insurer.
CONTENT OF POLICIES	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Reasons for which the Director	215 ILCS	The Director may disapprove any form that (i)
may disapprove a form filing.	5/143(2)	violates any provision of the Illinois Insurance Code,
		(ii) contains inconsistent, ambiguous, or misleading
		clauses, or (iii) contains exceptions and conditions
		that will unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks
		that are purported to be assumed by the policy.
Hired and Non-owned	215 ILCS	If hired and/or non-owned auto coverage is offered,
Auto/Uninsured Motorists	5/143(2)	an insurer may not specifically exclude statutory
Coverage	215 H GG	mandated uninsured motorist coverage. Any forms
	215 ILCS	that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to
	<u>5/143a</u>	contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably
	215 ILCS	or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be
	5/143a-2	assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2)
	<u> </u>	and will be disapproved accordingly.
	Harrington v.	
	American	
	<u>Family</u>	
	<u>Mutual</u>	
	<u>Insurance</u>	
	<u>Company</u>	
Requirements for form content	50 IL Adm.	There must be printed at the head of the policy the
and readability.	Code 753	name of the insurer or insurers issuing the policy, the
		location of the Home Office thereof; a statement of
		whether the insurer is a stock, mutual, reciprocal,
		Lloyds, alien insurer, or an insurer operating under a
		charter by Special Act of the Legislature of any state.
		There may be added thereto such devices, emblems
		or designs and dates as are appropriate for the insurer
		issuing the policy.
		All forms must be identified by a descriptive title
		All forms must be identified by a descriptive title, form number and edition identification.
		norm number and edition identification.
		All forms must be printed in not less than eight-point
		type.

DEFENSE WITHIN LIMITS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Defense costs may not be	215 ILCS	Defense costs must be paid as supplement to the
included in limits of liability.	5/143(2)	limits of liability. Defense costs may not be included
		in the limits of liability. Any forms that contain
		provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain
		exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or
		deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be
		assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2)
		and will be disapproved accordingly.
DEFINITIONS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Definition of "renewal" or "to	215 ILCS	Definition of "renewal" or "to renew."
renew."	5/143.13(d)	
Definition of "nonpayment of	215 ILCS	Definition of "nonpayment of premium."
premium."	5/143.13(e)	
Definition of "policy delivered	215 ILCS	Definition of "policy delivered or issued for delivery
or issued for delivery in this	5/143.13(f)	in this State."
State."		
Definition of "cancellation" or	215 ILCS	Definition of "cancellation" or "cancelled."
"cancelled."	5/143.13(g)	
DISCRIMINATION	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
May not cancel certain policies,	215 ILCS	Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or
or refuse to issue or renew	<u>5/143.24c</u>	renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more
certain policies solely due to		claims have been made against any policy during the
hate crimes.		preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a
	<u>Sections</u>	hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the
		insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a
	(ii), and (vi).	hate crime on a police report.
		Applies to policies issued to an individual, a
		religious organization described in Section
		170(b)(1)(A)(i) of Title 26 of the United States Code,
		or an educational organization described in Section
		170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of Title 26 of the United States
		Code, or any other nonprofit organization described
		in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) of Title 26 of the United

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		States Code that is organized and operated for
		religious, charitable, or educational purposes.
Redlining When geographic	215 ILCS	Insurer may not refuse to provide insurance solely on
location of risk may be grounds	<u>5/155.22</u>	the basis of the specific geographic location of the
for refusing to insure.		risk unless such refusal is for a business purpose
		which is not a mere pretext for unfair discrimination.
Rating, claims handling, and	215 ILCS	No insurer that issues a property and casualty policy
underwriting decisions based	<u>5/155.22b</u>	may use the fact that an applicant or insured incurred
solely on domestic violence.		bodily injury as a result of a battery committed
		against him/her by a spouse or person in the same
		household as a sole reason for a rating, underwriting,
		or claims handling decision.
Unfair methods of competition	215 ILCS	It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and
or unfair or deceptive acts or	5/424(3)	deceptive act or practice if a company makes or
practices defined.		permits any unfair discrimination between
		individuals or risks of the same class or of essentially
		the same hazard and expense element because of the
		race, color, religion, or national origin of such
		insurance risks or applicants.
Procedure as to unfair methods	215 ILCS 5/429	Outlines the procedures the Director follows when he
of competition or unfair or		has reason to believe that a company is engaging in
deceptive acts or practices not		unfair methods of competition or unfair or deceptive
defined.		acts or practices.
DOMESTIC ABUSE	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Rating, claims handling, and	215 ILCS	No insurer that issues a property and casualty policy
underwriting decisions based	<u>5/155.22b</u>	may use the fact that an applicant or insured incurred
solely on domestic violence.		bodily injury as a result of a battery committed
		against him/her by a spouse or person in the same
		household as a sole reason for a rating, underwriting,
		or claims handling decision.
Intentional acts exclusion	215 ILCS	If a policy excludes property damage coverage for
exception for innocent co-	<u>5/155.22b</u>	intentional acts, the insurers may not deny payment
insured.		to an innocent co-insured who did not cooperate in or
		contribute to the creation of the loss if the loss arose
		out of a pattern of criminal domestic violence and the
		perpetrator of the loss is criminally prosecuted for
		the act causing the loss.
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Civil Union Partnerships-	750 ILCS 75/1	The Religious Freedom Protection and Civil Union
effective June 1, 2011		Act (Public Act 96-1513) will allow both same-sex
	Civil Union Fact	and different-sex couples to enter into a civil union
	<u>Sheet</u>	with all of the obligations, protections, and legal
		rights that Illinois provides to married heterosexual
		couples.
		Please note that whenever a policy form, application,
		or rating rule includes the terms "spouse," "married,"
		or "immediate family member" it is required that
		parties to a civil union be included in these
		definitions.
EXCLUSIONS &	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
LIMITATIONS		REQUIREMENTS
Certain restrictive endorsements	215 ILCS	Animal bite exclusions, roof exclusions, and shed
must be signed and dated by	<u>5/143(2)</u>	exclusions will be acceptable for filing only if they
insured.		contain a provision for the insured to sign and date
		the endorsement, indicating acknowledgement and
		acceptance that there is no coverage provided. Any
		forms that contain provisions to the contrary are
		deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are
		purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation
		of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
		accordingly.
Communicable disease	215 ILCS	Form may not exclude broad categories of
exclusions must be specific.	<u>5/143(2)</u>	communicable disease. Form may exclude only
		specific diseases, such as AIDS, or specific classes
		of diseases, such as sexually transmitted diseases.
		Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are
		deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are
		purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation
		of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
		accordingly.
Electromagnetic exclusions are	215 ILCS	Electromagnetic exclusions are prohibited. Any
prohibited.	<u>5/143(2)</u>	forms that contain provisions to the contrary are
		deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are

		purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation
		of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
		accordingly.
Intoxicant or narcotic exclusion	s <u>215 ILCS</u>	Intoxicant or narcotic exclusions are prohibited
are prohibited unless specific	5/143(2)	unless they include the following: 1) a standard set
language is included.		forth with regard to what is considered an intoxicant
		or narcotic; 2) a standard set forth as to what levels
		of consumption defines intoxication; 3) a standard of
		proof set forth; and 4) language that distinguishes the
		intent or motivation. Any forms that contain
		provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain
		exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or
		deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be
		assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2)
		and will be disapproved accordingly.
Pollution exclusion	215 ILCS	Pollution exclusions may not apply to BI/PD caused
requirements.	5/143(2)	by heat, smoke or fumes from a hostile fire. Any
		forms that contain provisions to the contrary are
		deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are
		purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation
		of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
		accordingly.
Professional liability coverage	215 ILCS	Professional Liability coverage must have separate
may not reduce overall limits.	5/143(2)	limits that do not reduce the limits of this coverage.
		Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are
		deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are
		purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation
		of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
		accordingly.
Intentional acts exclusion	215 ILCS	Intentional acts exclusions must contain an exception
exception for using reasonable	5/143(2)	for an insured using reasonable force to protect
force to protect persons or		persons or property. Any forms that contain
property		provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain
		exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or
		deceptively affect the risk that are purported to be
		assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2)
		and will be disapproved accordingly.
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		REQUIREMENTS
MOLD	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
	<u>Company</u>	
	<u>Insurance</u>	
	Family Mutual	
	<u>American</u>	
	<u>Harrington v.</u>	
	<u>5/1154 2</u>	and will be disapproved accordingly.
	5/1.40	assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2)
	01 F II OO	or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be
	<u>5/143a</u>	contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably
		that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to
Coverage		mandated uninsured motorist coverage. Any forms
Auto/Uninsured Motorists		an insurer may not specifically exclude statutory
Hired and Non-owned		If hired and/or non-owned auto coverage is offered,
	Company	accordingly.
	Insurance	purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
	Alletata	unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are
	Lundaviet v	are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that
	Vothryn	with the Standard Fire Policy minimum language and
	David &	forms that contain provisions to the contrary conflict
	5/143(2)	vacant or unoccupied for 60 consecutive days. Any
	215 ILCS	unoccupied must be covered until the building is
		building, as a result of fire, that is vacant or
Policy.	Code 2301	buildings. Specifically, ensuing loss to a described
conform to the Standard Fire	50 IL Adm.	Fire Policy regarding vacant or unoccupied
Mischief provisions must		should reflect the provision found in the Standard
Vandalism and Malicious	215 ILCS 5/397	Vandalism and Malicious Mischief exclusions
		perpetrator of the loss is criminally prosecuted for the act causing the loss.
		out of a pattern of criminal domestic violence and the
		contribute to the creation of the loss if the loss arose
insured.		innocent co-insured who did not cooperate in or
exception for innocent co-	<u>5/155.22b</u>	acts, the insurer may not deny payment to an
		If a policy excludes property coverage for intentional

Filing procedures and	Company	Please refer to Company Bulletin 2002-07 for
requirements for exclusions and		specific information and guidance.
limitations related to mold.	07	specific information and guidance.
inintations related to mold.	<u>07</u>	
TERRORISM	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Terrorism Risk Insurance	Company	Please refer to Company Bulletin 2015-03 for
Program Reauthorization Act of	Bulletin 2015-	specific information and guidance.
2015 and Filing Procedures and	03	
Requirements for Terrorism-		
Related Forms, Rules and Rates.		
GROUP POLICIES	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Group commercial multi-peril	215 ILCS	There are no enabling statutes in Illinois that
policies are not specifically	<u>5/388a-388g</u>	authorize the writing of group fire, casualty, inland
allowed by statute.	015 H CC	marine, or surety insurance. The effect is to require
	215 ILCS 5/393a-393g	that all fire, casualty, inland marine, or surety
	<u> </u>	insureds of the same class be treated alike. These
	215 ILCS	provisions are not applicable where the Illinois
	<u>5/400.1</u>	Insurance Code specifically authorizes the grouping
	П. А.І., С. І.	of risks. The only coverages that are currently
	IL Adm. Code 2302	authorized on a group basis are: a) group vehicle; b)
	<u>2502</u>	group professional liability; c) group inland marine;
	215 ILCS	d) group legal.
	<u>5/900-906</u>	
ACTION AGAINST	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
COMPANY		REQUIREMENTS
Periods of limitation tolled.		If the form contains a provision limiting the period of
		time within which the insured may bring suit, the
		provision must state that the running of such period
		is tolled from the date proof of loss is filed until the
		date the claim is denied in whole or in part.
Insured must commence suit		Per the Standard Fire Policy, no suit or action for the
against the company within 12		recovery of any claim shall be sustainable in any
months after the inception of the		court of law or equity unless all the requirements of
loss.		the policy have been complied with, and unless
		commenced within 12 months after inception of the
		loss. Any forms that contain provisions that provide
		less than 12 months conflict with the Standard Fire

		Policy minimum language and are deemed to contain
		exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or
		deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be
		assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2)
		and will be disapproved accordingly.
DEFENSE COSTS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Defense costs may not be	215 ILCS	Defense costs must be paid as supplement to the
included in limits of liability.	<u>5/143(2)</u>	limits of liability. Defense costs may not be included
		in the limits of liability. Any forms that contain
		provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain
		exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or
		deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be
		assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2)
		and will be disapproved accordingly.
PAYMENT OF LOSS TIME	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
PERIOD		REQUIREMENTS
If a form states when a claim	50 IL Adm.	If a form contains a provision stating when a claim
will be paid, the language must	Code 919.50	shall be paid, the provision must comply with this
conform to this Rule.		Rule that states that the insurer shall affirm or deny
		liability on claims within a reasonable time and shall
		offer payment within 30 days of affirmation of
		liability if the amount of the claim is determined and
		not in dispute. For those portions of the claim which
		are not in dispute and the payee is known, the insurer
		shall tender payment within said 30 days.
MINIMUM STANDARDS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
FOR CONTENT (POLICIES		REQUIREMENTS
AND STANDARD FORMS)		
Coverage must conform to	215 ILCS 5/397	All policies or contracts covering fire and lightning
Standard Fire Policy.		issued or delivered by an insurer subject to the
	215 ILCS	provisions of the Illinois Insurance Code, or by any
	<u>5/397.05</u>	agent or representative thereof on any property in
		this State must conform to the Standard Fire Policy,
		and no provision shall be more restrictive than those
	Code 2301	contained in the Standard Fire Policy.
	Standard Fire	
	Policy Form	

NOTICE REQUIREMENTS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Insurer must advise insured of eligibility for the Illinois FAIR Plan Association.	215 ILCS 5/143.22	When a policy containing fire and extended coverage insurance is cancelled, other than for nonpayment of premium or evidence of incendiarism, or
		nonrenewed, and if the location of the insured property is within the State of Illinois, insurers must notify named insureds of their eligibility for the
		FAIR Plan and explain the procedure to make application. Such notice must accompany or be included in the cancellation or nonrenewal notice.
Cancellation notice must advise	215 ILCS	If an insurer cancels a policy mid-term per Section
insured of right to request a	5/143.23	143.16a, for any reason except non-payment of
hearing.		premium, the cancellation notice must advise the
		named insured of the right to request a hearing to appeal such decision, and the procedure to follow for
		such appeal.
Written notice of company's complaint Department and	215 ILCS 5/143c	No policy may be delivered unless the policyholder or certificate holder is provided written notice of the
Department of Insurance Public		address of the complaint Department of the insurance
Service Department.	50 IL Adm.	company, and the address of the Public Service
service Department.	Code 931	Department of the Department of Insurance or its successor.
		Rule 931 provides more specific guidance that:
		a) such notice shall accompany any newly issued policy or binder;
		b) "written notice" shall be satisfied by: any printed notice delivered with a policy or certificate; any adhering label attached to a policy or certificate; any computerized notice issued concurrently with a computer issued policy or certificate; or any other form of individual written notice substantially similar to the above.
		Notice of Availability of the Department of Insurance shall be no less informative than the following: Illinois Department of Insurance,

		Consumer Division, 122 S. Michigan Ave., 19th Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60603 and Illinois Department of Insurance 320 West Washington Street, Springfield, Illinois 62767. The address to be used for the company shall be an office that can service all types of complaints. If one office cannot service all types of complaints, then the additional addresses of each appropriate service office must be given. In addition to providing the required addresses, the notification should set forth the minimum amount of information included in the following suggested
		wording: "This notice is to advise you that should any complaints arise regarding this insurance, you
		may contact the following."
OTHER INSURANCE	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Requirements for "Other	215 ILCS 5/397	"Other Insurance" provisions must state that
Insurance" provisions.	215 H CC	coverage under the policy will share proportionately
	215 ILCS	with other similar coverages the insured may have.
	5/143(2)	Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary
		conflict with the Standard Fire Policy minimum
		language and are deemed to contain exceptions and
		conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect
		the risks that are purported to be assumed by the
		policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
	DEFEDENCE	disapproved accordingly.
PREMIUM REFUND	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
Minimum	215 H CC 5/207	REQUIREMENTS
Minimum earned premium	213 ILCS 5/39/	The Standard Fire Policy provides for pro rata return
provisions are prohibited.	215 ILCS	of premium if the insurer cancels the policy. Any
	5/143(2)	forms that contain provisions to the contrary conflict with the Standard Fire Policy minimum language and
	<u>5/1 (5/2)</u>	are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are
		purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation
		of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
		accordingly.
		accordingly.

PUNITIVE DAMAGES	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Punitive damages.	95 IL. App. 34	An insurer may not reimburse an insured for punitive
	3d 1122	damages assessed as a result of the insured's own
		misconduct. If a form excludes coverage for punitive
	215 ILCS	damages, the form must state that it provides a
	5/143(2)	defense for claims involving both compensatory and
		punitive damages. Any forms that contain provisions
		to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and
		conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect
		the risks that are purported to be assumed by the
		policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
REBATES	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Payments or acceptance of	215 ILCS 5/151	No insurer, agent or broker shall offer, give, etc., any
rebates prohibited.		rebate of premium, agent's commission, profits,
L	215 ILCS 5/152	dividends, or any special advantage in date of policy
Rebates penalties		or age of issue, or any other valuable consideration
		or inducement, upon issuance or renewal, which is
		not specified in the policy contract of insurance.
		However, insurers may pay a bonus to policyholders
		or abate their premiums, in whole or in part, out of
		surplus accumulated from nonparticipating
		insurance.
		Insurers may also offer a child passenger restraint
		system, or a discount from the purchase price of a
		child passenger restraining system to policyholders,
		when the purpose of such system is the safety of a
		child and compliance with the "Child Passenger
		Protection Act."
		No insured or applicant shall directly or indirectly
		receive or accept any rebate of premium or agent's or
		broker's commission, or any favor or advantage, or
		any valuable consideration or inducement, other than
		such as is specified in the policy.

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		Any company or person violating any provision of
		Section 151 shall be guilty of a Class B
		misdemeanor.
STANDARD FIRE POLICY	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Coverage must conform to	215 ILCS 5/397	All policies or contracts covering fire and lightning
Standard Fire Policy.		issued or delivered by an insurer subject to the
	215 ILCS	provisions of the Illinois Insurance Code, or by any
	<u>5/397.05</u>	agent or representative thereof on any property in
		this State must conform to the Standard Fire Policy,
	50 IL Adm.	and no provision shall be more restrictive than those
	Code 2301	contained in the Standard Fire Policy.
	Standard Fire	
	Policy Form	
VOIDANCE	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Requirements to rescind a	215 ILCS 5/154	A policy may not be rescinded, defeated or avoided
policy for misrepresentation or		unless the misrepresentation is stated in the policy,
false warranty.		endorsement or rider attached thereto, or in the
		written application therefore, and was made with the
		actual intent to deceive, or materially affected either
		the acceptance of the risk or the hazard assumed by
		the company.
MISCELLANEOUS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Prejudgment interest.	215 ILCS	Illinois courts do not award prejudgment interest.
	5/143(2)	However, if a form references payment of
		prejudgment interest, then such payment must be a
		supplementary coverage and not paid within the
		policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to
		the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and
		conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect
		the risks that are purported to be assumed by the
		policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
Post-judgment interest.	215 ILCS	If a form references payment of post-judgment
	5/143(2)	interest, then such payment must be a supplementary
		coverage and not paid within the policy limits. Any
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

		forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved
		accordingly.
Endorsements that amend	215 ILCS	An endorsement cannot be used to amend another
another endorsement are	5/143(2)	endorsement. Such endorsements are deemed to
prohibited.		result in inconsistent, ambiguous, or misleading
		clauses, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
Requirements for termination of	215 ILCS	Insurers must notify the Director of the termination
line of business.	5/143.11a	of a line of insurance, as well as the reasons for the
		action, 90 days before termination of any policy is
		effective.
Negative response roll-ons are	215 ILCS 5/429	Form changes that are optional may not be applied
prohibited.		"automatically unless the insured rejects." Insureds
		must be offered the option and must respond
		affirmatively for the change to apply. To apply the
		option automatically unless rejected is to engage in
		an unfair or deceptive act or practice.
Mine subsidence coverage must	215 ILCS	In the 34 Illinois counties that have been determined
be automatically included on	5/805.1	to have a significant mine subsidence exposure,
policies in 34 Illinois counties.		every policy issued or renewed insuring a
In all other counties, insurers	215 ILCS	commercial building on a direct basis shall include,
must provide mine subsidence	<u>5/807.1</u>	at a separately stated premium, commercial mine
coverage if the insured requests		subsidence coverage unless waived in writing by the
it.	List of 34	insured.
	<u>counties</u>	
		In all other Illinois counties, insurers must provide
		mine subsidence insurance coverage if the insured
		requests it.
RATE, RULE, RATING	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
PLAN, CLASSIFICATION,		REQUIREMENTS
AND TERRITORY FILING		
REQUIREMENTS		
Commercial multi-peril rates	50 IL Adm.	Commercial multi-peril rates and rules are not
and rules are not required to be	Code 754	required to be filed in Illinois.
filed in Illinois.		
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INDIVIDUAL RISK RATING	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Insurers do not have to file rates	50 IL Adm.	A company is not required to file s for individual
for individual risks. However,	Code 754	Illinois risks which cannot be rated in the normal
insurers must maintain		course of business rating because of special or
documentary information for		unusual characteristics and must be rated on the basis
review by the Department.		of underwriting judgment.
		Company must maintain documentary information
		regarding such individual risk rates for review by the
		Department's Property & Casualty Compliance Unit.
OTHER	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Unfair methods of competition	215 ILCS	REQUIREMENTS It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and
Unfair methods of competition or unfair or deceptive acts or	215 ILCS 5/424(3)	
-		It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and
or unfair or deceptive acts or		It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and deceptive act or practice if a company makes or
or unfair or deceptive acts or		It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and deceptive act or practice if a company makes or permits any unfair discrimination between
or unfair or deceptive acts or		It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and deceptive act or practice if a company makes or permits any unfair discrimination between individuals or risks of the same class or of essentially
or unfair or deceptive acts or	5/424(3)	It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and deceptive act or practice if a company makes or permits any unfair discrimination between individuals or risks of the same class or of essentially the same hazard and expense element because of the
or unfair or deceptive acts or	5/424(3)	It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and deceptive act or practice if a company makes or permits any unfair discrimination between individuals or risks of the same class or of essentially the same hazard and expense element because of the race, color, religion, or national origin of such
or unfair or deceptive acts or practices defined.	5/424(3) 215 ILCS 5/429	It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and deceptive act or practice if a company makes or permits any unfair discrimination between individuals or risks of the same class or of essentially the same hazard and expense element because of the race, color, religion, or national origin of such insurance risks or applicants.
or unfair or deceptive acts or practices defined. Procedure as to unfair methods	5/424(3) 215 ILCS 5/429	It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and deceptive act or practice if a company makes or permits any unfair discrimination between individuals or risks of the same class or of essentially the same hazard and expense element because of the race, color, religion, or national origin of such insurance risks or applicants. Outlines the procedures the Director follows when he