# **Review Requirements Checklist**

## **Commercial Auto**

#### Contact Person: Ben Rekart (217) 558-2960

#### Line(s) of Insurance/Business:

- Commercial Auto: filing code(s) 20.0000
- Business Auto: filing code 20.0001
- Garage: filing code 20.0002
- Other: filing code 20.0003

### Links:

- <u>Illinois Compiled Statutes Online</u>
- <u>Administrative Regulations Online</u>
- Product Coding Matrix

All filings are public record in accordance with 215 ILCS 5/404 except where another provision of the Insurance Code says otherwise. The only code section that allows for a filing to be a trade secret or confidential is 215 ILCS 157/40 Use of Credit Information in Personal Insurance Act.

The Department's checklists include summaries that do not provide detailed information about all laws, regulations and bulletins. Therefore, the insurers should review the actual laws, regulations and bulletins to ensure forms are fully compliant before filing with the Department.

A form filing fee is required pursuant to 215 ILCS 5/408 (1)(jj).

LINE OF AUTHORITY	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Must have proper Class and Clause	<u>215 ILCS 5/4</u>	To write Commercial auto no-fault (PIP) and other
authority to conduct this line of		commercial liability insurance in Illinois,
business in Illinois.	<u>List of</u>	companies must be licensed to write:
	Classes/Clauses	
		1. Class 2, Clause (b).

		To write Commercial auto physical damage
		insurance in Illinois, companies must be
		authorized to write:
		1. Class 2, Clause (b) or
		2. Class 3, Clause (e).
		2. Cluss 5, Cluss (c).
		To write combination commercial auto liability
		and physical damage coverage in Illinois,
		companies must be licensed to write:
		1. Class 2, clause (b), or
		2. Class 2, Clause (b) and Class 3, Clause (e).
SERFF FILING	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
The submission letter must contain	50 IL Adm.	All companies must file, using the System for
specified information.	Code 753	Electronic Rate and Form Filing (SERFF):
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"Me too" filings are not allowed.		1. Copies of all policy forms on these kinds
		of business and, for mutual companies, a
		separate proxy signature line for the
		insured to sign, if applicable;
		2. Copies of generally used endorsement
		forms on these kinds of business;
		3. Copies of all application forms used on
		these kinds of business, including a
		separate proxy signature line for the
		insured to sign if applicable;
		4. A copy of the declaration page, in non-
		individualized, template form, absent
		personal policyholder information; and
		5. A copy of the policy jacket, if used by the
		company.
		All filings must be accompanied by a forms
		submission letter that includes:
		1. The name of the advisory organization or
		company making the filing:
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		2. Title, form number, and edition
		identification for the forms;
		3. Information as to what Class and Clause
		coverage is written under:
		4. Identification of all applicable
		endorsements and applications as to the
		policy forms for which the endorsements
		and applications are used;
		5. Notification as to whether the filing is new
		or supersedes a present filing.
		Identification of all changes in all
		superseding filings, as well as
		identification of all superseded forms, is
		required; and
		6. Effective date of use.
		Companies under the same ownership or concret
		Companies under the same ownership or general management are required to make separate
		individual company filings.
		Company Group ("Me too") filings are
	DEFEDENCE	unacceptable.
FILING SUBMISSION	REFERENCE	
	50 H A 1	REQUIREMENTS
When forms must be filed.	50 IL Adm.	Forms must be received by the Department no
	Code 753	later than their effective date of use.
Final printed forms must be filed.	<u>50 IL Adm.</u>	Typed or printer's proof copies may be submitted
	Code 753	for review, but must be re-filed in printed form. Statements, provisions, or endorsements may not
		be typed or superimposed on a policy or
		endorsement.
Requirements for company FEIN	Commony	Company must include all Federal Employer
	<u>Company</u>	Company must mende an rederar Employer
numbers.	<u>Company</u> Bulletin 88-53	Identification Numbers (FEINs) for companies
numbers.		
numbers.		Identification Numbers (FEINs) for companies
numbers. Forms under one filing number		Identification Numbers (FEINs) for companies
Forms under one filing number must have common coverage	Bulletin 88-53	Identification Numbers (FEINs) for companies making the filing. All forms under an assigned filing number must have some common coverage relationship (e.g. all
Forms under one filing number	Bulletin 88-53 Company	Identification Numbers (FEINs) for companies making the filing. All forms under an assigned filing number must have some common coverage relationship (e.g. all forms in an auto filing must pertain only to auto,
Forms under one filing number must have common coverage	Bulletin 88-53 Company	Identification Numbers (FEINs) for companies making the filing. All forms under an assigned filing number must have some common coverage relationship (e.g. all
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NO FILE OR FILING	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
EXEMPTIONS		REQUIREMENTS
Commercial auto forms issued to "industrial insureds" are not required to be filed.	2 <u>15 ILCS</u> 5/143(3)	Insurance policies issued to those qualifying as industrial insureds are not subject to the policy form filing requirements of 215 ILCS 5/143(3).
However, such forms must comply with all laws, regulations, bulletins, etc. unless specifically exempted by the law, regulation, bulletin, etc.	<u>5/121-2.08</u>	Effective January 1, 2015, the standard for the industrial insured exemption has changed due to the passage of Public Act 98-0978 ("Act"). The Act now conforms to the definition of industrial insured as it is defined in section 5/445(1) regarding the surplus lines commercial insured exemption. The Department intends to follow this new standard when determining applicability of the industrial insured exemption to the policy form filing requirements.
Manuscript endorsements are not	215 ILCS	Insurers are not required to file riders or
required to be filed.	<u>5/143(3)</u>	endorsements prepared to meet special, unusual, peculiar, or extraordinary conditions applying to an individual risk.
		Because Section 143(3) exempts only riders or endorsements, policy forms applying to an
		individual risk must still be filed. In addition,
		because Section 143(3) exempts only
		endorsements applying to an individual risk, if a
		company uses the same endorsement on more than
		one risk, such form no longer qualifies for the
		filing exemption and must be filed.
SIDE BY SIDE COMPARISON	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS
Form changes must be highlighted.	50 IL Adm.	Changes from currently filed forms must be
	<u>Code 753</u>	highlighted.
THIRD PARTY FILERS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
AUTHORITY		REQUIREMENTS
Insurer may authorize an advisory	<u>50 IL Adm.</u>	Insurer may authorize an advisory organization, of
organization to make a form filing	<u>Code 753</u>	which it is a member or subscriber, to file forms
on its behalf.		on its behalf, as long as the insurer has on file with
		the Department a forms authorization letter which
Insurer may change or delay the		includes:
effective date of an advisory		1) the name of the authorized advisory
		organization.

organization form filing by		2) the kinds of business for which filings will be
properly notifying the Department.		made.
		3) authorization clause or language.
Insurer may authorize attorneys,		4) effective date of authorization.
consulting firms, etc. to submit		
form filings to the Department, as		Insurer may change or delay the effective date of
long as the filing includes proper		an advisory organization form filing by notifying
authorization.		the Department. The notice shall include the
		insurer name, FEIN number, line of insurance,
		advisory organization name and filing number,
		and effective date desired.
		Insurer may authorize attorneys, consulting firms,
		etc. to submit form filings to the Department, as
		long as the filing includes a notice, signed by an
		authorized company officer, giving authority for
		the entity to act on the insurer's behalf on any
		issues related to the filing.
AMBIGUOUS & MISLEADING	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
The Director may disapprove a	215 ILCS	Director may disapprove any form that contains
form filing if it contains	5/143(2)	inconsistent, ambiguous, or misleading clauses.
inconsistent, ambiguous, or		
misleading clauses.		
APPLICATIONS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Applications must be filed.	50 IL Adm.	Applications must be filed including
	Code 753	online/electronic applications.
ARBITRATION	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Policy must contain arbitration	215 ILCS	Policies must contain specific arbitration language
provision for UM and UMPD in	<u>5/143a</u>	with regard to Uninsured Motorist Bodily Injury
accordance with the law		liability coverage (UM) and Uninsured Motorist
requirements.		Property Damage coverage (UMPD). See specific
		law for details to ensure that forms comply with
Applies only to policies issued for		all requirements before filing with the Department.
vehicles designed for highway use.		
		Any decision made by the arbitrators shall be
		binding for the amount of damages not exceeding
		\$75,000 for bodily injury to or death of any one

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		person, \$150,000 for bodily injury to or death of 2
		or more persons in any one motor vehicle
		accident, or the corresponding policy limits for
		bodily injury or death, whichever is less.
		Applies only to policies issued for vehicles
		designed for highway use.
<b>BANKRUPTCY PROVISIONS</b>	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Policies that contain liability	215 ILCS 5/388	All policies containing liability coverage must
coverage must include a		include a provision stating that insolvency or
bankruptcy provision.		bankruptcy of the insured shall not release the
		company from its duties to pay under the policy.
CANCELLATION & NON-	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
RENEWAL		REQUIREMENTS
May not refuse to issue a policy on	215 ILCS	No company shall refuse to issue a policy on the
sole basis of previous refusal,	5/143.10	sole basis that the insured or applicant for such
cancellation or nonrenewal by any		policy was previously refused issuance or renewal
insurer.		of a policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy
		was cancelled on a prior date by any insurer.
Loss information requested for	215 ILCS	No prospective insurer shall request the insured to
underwriting.	<u>5/143.10a</u>	provide more detailed loss information than
		required by it to underwrite the same line or class
		of insurance.
Loss information required to be	215 ILCS	Insurer shall provide the following loss
provided.	<u>5/143.10a</u>	<ul> <li>information to the first named insured within 30 days of the insured's request, and at the same time as any notice of cancellation or nonrenewal, except where the policy has been cancelled for nonpayment of premium, material misrepresentations or fraud on the part of the insured:</li> <li>a) on closed claims, date and description of occurrence, and total amounts of payments;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>b) on open claims, date and description of occurrence, total amount of payments and total reserves, if any; and</li> <li>c) for any occurrence not included in (a) or (b), the date and description of occurrence and total reserves, if any.</li> </ul>

		Insurer shall provide additional loss information, including specific loss reserves, to the first named insured as soon as possible, but in no event later than 20 days of receipt of named insured's mailed or delivered written request for such information at the request of a prospective insurer. Insurer shall automatically extend coverage under the existing policy, at the same terms and conditions by the same number of days it takes the
		insurer to provide the insured with this additional information.
Policy must contain cancellation	215 ILCS	Policy must include a cancellation provision
provision.	<u>5/143.11</u>	setting out the manner in which the policy may be cancelled.
Insurers may not refuse to insure	215 ILCS	No insurer may refuse to insure the applicant
based on identity of prior carrier.	5/155.27	solely based upon the identity of the applicant's
		prior carrier.
Applies only to policies issued for		
vehicles designed for highway use.		Applies only to policies issued for vehicles
		designed for highway use.
CONDITIONAL RENEWAL	REFERENCE	
		REQUIREMENTS
Assignment or transfer of policies	215 ILCS	Assignment or transfer of policies among or
among or between insurers within	<u>5/143.11b</u>	between insurers within an insurance holding
an insurance holding company system or insurers under common		company system or insurers under common management or control, or as a result of a merger,
		Inverse of control of as a result of a merger in
management or control, or as a		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance
result of a merger, acquisition, or		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the
result of a merger, acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance
result of a merger, acquisition, or		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the
result of a merger, acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification requirements. If the increase in the renewal premium is 30% or
result of a merger, acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification requirements. If the increase in the renewal premium is 30% or more, contains a change in deductibles or change in coverage that materially alters the policy, the company must adhere to provisions in Section
result of a merger, acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification requirements. If the increase in the renewal premium is 30% or more, contains a change in deductibles or change in coverage that materially alters the policy, the
result of a merger, acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification requirements. If the increase in the renewal premium is 30% or more, contains a change in deductibles or change in coverage that materially alters the policy, the company must adhere to provisions in Section 143.17a as described below. A company making an assignment or transfer of a
result of a merger, acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification requirements. If the increase in the renewal premium is 30% or more, contains a change in deductibles or change in coverage that materially alters the policy, the company must adhere to provisions in Section 143.17a as described below. A company making an assignment or transfer of a policy among or between insurers as stated above,
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result of a merger, acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification		acquisition, or restructuring of an insurance company, is not a nonrenewal for purposes of the notification requirements. If the increase in the renewal premium is 30% or more, contains a change in deductibles or change in coverage that materially alters the policy, the company must adhere to provisions in Section 143.17a as described below. A company making an assignment or transfer of a policy among or between insurers as stated above,

		notice shall also be sent to the insured's producer,
		if known, and agent of record.
Dequirements for advance notice of	215 IL CS	
Requirements for advance notice of		If an insurer offers to renew directly to the named
renewal with changes in	<u>5/143.17a</u>	insured with a renewal increase of 30% or more,
deductibles, changes in coverage		or with a change in deductible or coverage that
inat materially alters the policy, of	<u>Illinois</u>	materially alters the policy, the insurer must mail
increase of 30% or more.	Supreme Court	or deliver to the named insured, written notice of
	<u>Rule 236</u>	such premium increase or change at least 60 days
		prior to the renewal or anniversary date.
		The increase in premium shall be the renewal
		premium based on the known exposure as of the
		date of the quotation compared to the premium as
		of the last day of coverage for the current year's
		policy, annualized. The premium may be
		subsequently amended to reflect any change in
		exposure or reinsurance costs not considered in the
		quotation.
		The renewal notice must provide the specific
		dollar amount of the premium. Renewal notices
		issued with the wording "your premium increase
		will be 30% or more" do not comply with the
		Code.
		Notification must also be mailed to the insured's
		broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the
		mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy.
		If the insurer fails to provide 60 days notice in
		advance of the renewal or anniversary date but
		provides notice at least 31 days prior to the
		renewal or anniversary date, the company must
		extend the current policy under the same terms,
		conditions and premium to allow 60 days notice,
		and provide the actual renewal premium quotation
		and any change in coverage or deductible on the
		policy. If the insurer fails to provide 31 days
		advance notice as described above, the insurer
		must renew the expiring policy under the same
		terms and conditions for an additional year or until
		the effective date of any similar coverage procured
		ine encourre date of any similar coverage procured

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		by the insured, whichever is earlier. The insurer
		may increase the renewal premium, however such
		increase must be less than 30% of the expiring
		term's premium, and notice of such increase must
		be delivered to the named insured on or before the
		date of expiration of the current policy period.
		Proof of mailing or proof of receipt may be proven
		by a sworn affidavit by the insurer as to the usual
		and customary business practices of mailing
		notices pursuant to Section143.17a or may be
		proven consistent with Illinois Supreme Court
		Rule 236.
NOTICE OF CANCELLATION	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Cancellation notice mailing	215 ILCS	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named
requirements and requirements for	5/143.14	insured at the last mailing address known by
canceling premium financed		insurer. Insurer must maintain proof of mailing on
insurance contracts.		a form acceptable to U.S. Post Office or other
		commercial mail delivery service. Notification
		must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if
		known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage
		or lien holder listed on the policy.
		Section 143.14 also contains requirements for
		canceling premium financed insurance contracts
		and procedures for returning unearned premium.
		See law for specific details of requirements.
Number of days notice required for	215 ILCS	Insurer must mail cancellation notice to the named
cancellation of commercial policies		insured at least: 10 days prior to effective date of
and notice requirements.		cancellation for nonpayment of premium; 30 days
		prior to effective date of cancellation during the
		first 60 days of coverage; 60 days prior to
		effective date of cancellation after coverage has
		been effective for 61 days or more.
		seen enceuve for of days of more.
		All notices shall include a specific explanation of
		the reason(s) for cancellation.

Cancellation notice must advise	215 ILCS	If an insurer cancels a commercial policy mid-
insured of right to request a		term per Section 143.16a, for any reason except
hearing.		non-payment of premium, the cancellation notice
e e e		must advise the named insured of the right to
		appeal and the procedure to follow for such
		appeal.
NOTICE OF NON-RENEWAL		
		REQUIREMENTS
Number of days notice required for	215 ILCS	Nonrenewal notice must be mailed to the named
		insured at least 60 days in advance of the
and other notice requirements.		nonrenewal date.
		Insurer must maintain proof of mailing of such notice on a recognized U.S. Post Office form or a form acceptable to the U.S. Post Office or other commercial mail delivery service.
		If the insurer fails to mail notice of nonrenewal to the named insured at least 60 days in advance of the nonrenewal date, the insurer must extend the policy for an additional year or until the effective date of any similar insurance procured by the insured, whichever is less, on the same terms and conditions as the policy sought to be terminated, unless the insurer has manifested its intention to renew at a different premium that represents an increase not exceeding 30%. Notification must also be mailed to the insured's broker, if known, or the agent of record and to the mortgage or lien holder listed on the policy.
		Nonrenewal notice must provide a specific
		explanation of the reason(s) for nonrenewal.
PERMISSIBLE REASONS FOR	REFERENCE	
CANCELLATION		REQUIREMENTS
May not cancel because agent's	215 ILCS	Insurers may not cancel any policy on the ground
contract with insurer was	<u>5/141.01</u>	that the company's contract with the agent through
terminated.		whom the policy was obtained has been terminated.
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		<b></b>
May not cancel a policy on sole	215 ILCS	Insurers may not cancel a policy on the sole basis
basis of previous refusal,	5/143.10	that the insured or applicant for such policy was
cancellation or nonrenewal by any		previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy
insurer.		by an insurer, or such insured's policy was
		cancelled on a prior date by any insurer.
Reasons for canceling a	<u>215 ILCS</u>	After a policy has been in effect for 60 days,
commercial policy that has been in	<u>5/143.16a</u>	insurer may only cancel for the following 6
effect for 60 days or more.		reasons: (a) non-payment of premium; (b) the
	<u>50 IL Adm.</u>	policy was obtained through a material
	<u>Code 940</u>	misrepresentation; (c) any insured violated any
		terms and conditions of the policy; (d) the risk
		originally accepted has measurably increased; (e)
		the insurer certifies to the Director of the loss of
		reinsurance for all or a substantial part of the
		underlying risk; or (f) the Director determines that
		continuation of the policy could place the insurer
		in violation of Illinois insurance laws.
		Rule 940 outlines requirements for certification of
		loss of reinsurance.
PERMISSIBLE REASONS FOR	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
NON-RENEWAL		REQUIREMENTS
May not refuse to renew because	215 ILCS	Insurers may not refuse to renew any policy on the
agent's contract with insurer was	5/141.01	ground that the company's contract with the agent
terminated.		through whom the policy was obtained has been
		terminated.
		terminated.
May not refuse to renew a policy	215 ILCS	Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the
May not refuse to renew a policy on sole basis of previous refusal,	2 <u>15 ILCS</u> 5/143.10	
		Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the
on sole basis of previous refusal,		Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal
on sole basis of previous refusal, cancellation or nonrenewal by any		Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy
on sole basis of previous refusal, cancellation or nonrenewal by any insurer.	<u>5/143.10</u>	Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy was cancelled on a prior date by any insurer.
on sole basis of previous refusal, cancellation or nonrenewal by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost	<u>5/143.10</u> 215 ILCS	Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy was cancelled on a prior date by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s)
on sole basis of previous refusal, cancellation or nonrenewal by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s) except those	<u>5/143.10</u>	Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy was cancelled on a prior date by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s) except those specifically prohibited in other
on sole basis of previous refusal, cancellation or nonrenewal by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s) except those specifically prohibited in other	<u>5/143.10</u> 215 ILCS	Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy was cancelled on a prior date by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s)
on sole basis of previous refusal, cancellation or nonrenewal by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s) except those specifically prohibited in other Illinois insurance laws or	<u>5/143.10</u> 215 ILCS	Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy was cancelled on a prior date by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s) except those specifically prohibited in other Illinois insurance laws or regulations.
on sole basis of previous refusal, cancellation or nonrenewal by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s) except those specifically prohibited in other	<u>5/143.10</u> 215 ILCS	Insurers may not refuse to renew a policy on the sole basis that the insured or applicant for such policy was previously refused issuance or renewal of a policy by an insurer, or such insured's policy was cancelled on a prior date by any insurer. Insurers may nonrenew for almost any reason(s) except those specifically prohibited in other

However, insurers must give a		
specific explanation of the		
reason(s) for nonrenewal.		
CONSUMER INFORMATION	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Cancellation notice must advise	215 ILCS	If an insurer cancels a policy mid-term per Section
insured of right to request a	5/143.23	143.16a, for any reason except non-payment of
hearing.		premium, the cancellation notice must advise the
		named insured of the right to request a hearing to
		appeal such decision, and the procedure to follow
		for such appeal.
Written notice of company's	215 ILCS	No policy may be delivered unless the
complaint Department and	<u>5/143c</u>	policyholder or certificate holder is provided
Department of Insurance Public		written notice of the address of the complaint
Service Department.		Department of the insurance company, and the
	<u>Code 931</u>	address of the Public Service Department of the
		Department of Insurance or its successor.
		Rule 931 provides more specific guidance that:
		a) such notice shall accompany any newly issued
		policy or binder;
		b) "written notice" shall be satisfied by: any
		printed notice delivered with a policy or
		certificate; any adhering label attached to a policy
		or certificate; any computerized notice issued
		concurrently with a computer issued policy or
		certificate; or any other form of individual written
		notice substantially similar to the above.
		Notice of Availability of the Department of
		Insurance shall be no less informative than the
		following: Illinois Department of Insurance,
		Consumer Division, 122 S. Michigan Ave., 19th
		Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60603 and Illinois
		Department of Insurance 320 West Washington
		Street, Springfield, Illinois 62767.

CONTENT OF POLICIES		The address to be used for the company shall be an office that can service all types of complaints. If one office cannot service all types of complaints, then the additional addresses of each appropriate service office must be given. In addition to providing the required addresses, the notification should set forth the minimum amount of information included in the following suggested wording: "This notice is to advise you that should any complaints arise regarding this insurance, you may contact the following." <b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b>
CONTENT OF POLICIES	KEFEKENCE	REQUIREMENTS
Reasons for which the Director may disapprove a form filing.		The Director may disapprove any form that (i) violates any provision of the Illinois Insurance Code, (ii) contains inconsistent, ambiguous, or misleading clauses, or (iii) contains exceptions and conditions that will unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy.
Requirements for form content and		There must be printed at the head of the policy the
readability.	<u>Code 753</u>	name of the insurer or insurers issuing the policy, the location of the Home Office thereof; a statement of whether the insurer is a stock, mutual, reciprocal, Lloyds, alien insurer, or an insurer operating under a charter by Special Act of the Legislature of any state. There may be added thereto such devices, emblems or designs and dates as are appropriate for the insurer issuing the policy. All forms must be identified by a descriptive title, form number and edition identification. All forms must be printed in not less than eight-
DEFENSE WITHIN LIMITS	REFERENCE	point type. DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS

Defense costs may not be included	215 ILCS	Defense costs must be paid as supplement to the
in limits of liability.	5/143(2)	limits of liability. Defense costs may not be
		included in the limits of liability. Any forms that
		contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to
		contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that
		are purported to be assumed by the policy, in
		violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
DEFINITIONS	REFERENCE	
		REQUIREMENTS
Definition of "renewal" or "to	215 ILCS	Definition of "renewal" or "to renew."
renew."	5/143.13(d)	
Definition of "nonpayment of	215 ILCS	Definition of "nonpayment of premium."
premium."	5/143.13(e)	
Definition of "policy delivered or	215 ILCS	Definition of "policy delivered or issued for
issued for delivery in this State."	<u>5/143.13(f)</u>	delivery in this State."
Definition of "cancellation" or	215 ILCS	Definition of "cancellation" or "cancelled."
"cancelled."	5/143.13(g)	
DISCRIMINATION	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STRUDINDS
		REQUIREMENTS
	215 ILCS	
		REQUIREMENTS
May not cancel certain policies, or	2 <u>15 ILCS</u> 5/143.24c	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C.	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C.	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report.
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report. Applies to policies issued to an individual, a
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report. Applies to policies issued to an individual, a religious organization described in Section
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report. Applies to policies issued to an individual, a religious organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(i) of Title 26 of the United States
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report. Applies to policies issued to an individual, a religious organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(i) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or an educational organization described in
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report. Applies to policies issued to an individual, a religious organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(i) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or an educational organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of Title 26 of the United
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report. Applies to policies issued to an individual, a religious organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(i) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or an educational organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or any other nonprofit organization
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report. Applies to policies issued to an individual, a religious organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(i) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or an educational organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or any other nonprofit organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) of Title 26
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report. Applies to policies issued to an individual, a religious organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(i) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or an educational organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or any other nonprofit organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) of Title 26 of the United States Code that is organized and
May not cancel certain policies, or refuse to issue or renew certain	215 ILCS 5/143.24c Title 26 U.S.C. Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(i),	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Insurers may not cancel a policy, or refuse to issue or renew a policy solely on the basis that one or more claims have been made against any policy during the preceding 60 months, for a loss that is the result of a hate crime, if the insured provides evidence to the insurer that the act causing the loss is identified as a hate crime on a police report. Applies to policies issued to an individual, a religious organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(i) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or an educational organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of Title 26 of the United States Code, or any other nonprofit organization described in Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) of Title 26

Redlining When geographic	215 ILCS	Insurer may not refuse to provide insurance solely
location of risk may be grounds for		on the basis of the specific geographic location of
refusing to insure.		the risk unless such refusal is for a business
		purpose which is not a mere pretext for unfair
		discrimination.
Rating, claims handling, and	215 ILCS	No insurer that issues a property and casualty
underwriting decisions based	5/155.22b	policy may use the fact that an applicant or insured
solely on domestic violence.	<u>5/155.220</u>	incurred bodily injury as a result of a battery
solely on domestic violence.		committed against him/her by a spouse or person
		in the same household as a sole reason for a rating,
		underwriting, or claims handling decision.
Unfair methods of competition or	215 ILCS	It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and
unfair or deceptive acts or practices		deceptive act or practice if a company makes or
defined.	<u>5/727(5)</u>	permits any unfair discrimination between
defined.		individuals or risks of the same class or of
		essentially the same hazard and expense element
		because of the race, color, religion, or national
		origin of such insurance risks or applicants.
Unfair methods of competition or	215 ILCS	It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and
unfair or deceptive acts or practices		deceptive act or practice if a company makes or
defined.	<u>5/<del>1</del>21(5)</u>	charges any rate for insurance against losses
defined.		arising from the use or ownership of a motor
		vehicle which requires a higher premium of any
		person by reason of his physical handicap, race,
		color, religion, or national origin.
Procedure as to unfair methods of	215 II CS 5/429	Outlines the procedures the Director follows when
competition or unfair or deceptive		he has reason to believe that a company is
acts or practices not defined.		engaging in unfair methods of competition or
acts of practices not defined.		unfair or deceptive acts or practices.
Civil Union Partnerships-effective	750 ILCS 75/1	The Religious Freedom Protection and Civil
June 1, 2011	<u>/30 ILCS /3/1</u>	Union Act (Public Act 96-1513) will allow both
June 1, 2011	Civil Union	same-sex and different-sex couples to enter into a
		civil union with all of the obligations, protections,
	Fact Sheet	and legal rights that Illinois provides to married
		heterosexual couples.
		Please note that whenever a policy form,
		application, or rating rule includes the terms
		"spouse," "married," or "immediate family
		member" it is required that parties to a civil union
		be included in these definitions.

DOMESTIC ABUSE	REFERENCE	
		REQUIREMENTS
Rating, claims handling, and		No insurer that issues a property and casualty
underwriting decisions based	<u>5/155.22b</u>	policy may use the fact that an applicant or insured
solely on domestic violence.		incurred bodily injury as a result of a battery
		committed against him/her by a spouse or person
		in the same household as a sole reason for a rating,
		underwriting, or claims handling decision.
Intentional acts exclusion	215 ILCS	If a policy excludes property damage coverage for
exception for innocent co-insured.	5/155.22b	intentional acts, the insurers may not deny
		payment to an innocent co-insured who did not
		cooperate in or contribute to the creation of the
		loss if the loss arose out of a pattern of criminal
		domestic violence and the perpetrator of the loss is
		criminally prosecuted for the act causing the loss.
EXCLUSIONS &	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
LIMITATIONS		REQUIREMENTS
Exceptions to exclusions for bodily	215 ILCS	If a form includes an exclusion of coverage for
injury for family members of the	5/143.01	bodily injury for members of the family of the
insured.		insured, the form must contain a provision that
		such exclusion shall not be applicable when a third
		party acquires a right of contribution against a
		member of the injured person's family, or when
		any person not in the household of the insured was
		driving the vehicle of the insured involved in the
		accident which is the subject of the claim or
		lawsuit.
Coverage for permissive drivers	215 ILCS	Permissive drivers must have the same limits of
	5/143.13a	bodily injury liability, property damage liability,
Applies to private passenger type		uninsured and underinsured motorists liability and
autos		
·····	(Effective	medical payments as a named insured.
	(Effective 1/1/08)	medical payments as a named insured.
	1/1/08)	medical payments as a named insured. Form may not exclude broad categories of
	1/1/08)	
Communicable disease exclusions	1/1/08) 2 <u>15 ILCS</u>	Form may not exclude broad categories of
Communicable disease exclusions	1/1/08) 2 <u>15 ILCS</u>	Form may not exclude broad categories of communicable disease. Form may exclude only
Communicable disease exclusions	1/1/08) 2 <u>15 ILCS</u>	Form may not exclude broad categories of communicable disease. Form may exclude only specific diseases, such as AIDS, or specific classes
Communicable disease exclusions	1/1/08) <u>215 ILCS</u> <u>5/143(2)</u>	Form may not exclude broad categories of communicable disease. Form may exclude only specific diseases, such as AIDS, or specific classes of diseases, such as sexually transmitted diseases.

		that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in
		violation of Section 143(2) and will be
Exclusions for unlinenced drivers	015 U CS	disapproved accordingly.
Exclusions for unlicensed drivers	215 ILCS	Forms may not exclude unlicensed drivers,
are prohibited.	<u>5/143(2)</u>	whether underage or under license suspension or
		revocation. Any forms that contain provisions to
		the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and
		conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect
		the risks that are purported to be assumed by the
		policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
Exclusions of coverage due to DUI	215 ILCS	Forms may not exclude coverage because the
or other traffic offenses are	5/143(2)	operator is convicted of a DUI or other traffic
prohibited.		offense. Any forms that contain provisions to the
		contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and
		conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect
		the risks that are purported to be assumed by the
		policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
Coverage for temporary substitute	215 ILCS	Forms must provide, at a minimum, excess
vehicles is required.	5/143(2)	liability and physical damage coverage for
-		temporary substitute vehicles if the form would
		have covered the out of service vehicle. Any forms
		that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed
		to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that
		are purported to be assumed by the policy, in
		violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
Requirements for exclusions for	215 ILCS	Forms may not exclude coverage if vehicle was
racing.	5/143(2)	involved in racing, except if racing event was
		prearranged or organized. Any forms that contain
Applies only to forms issued for		provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain
vehicles designed for highway use.		exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or
		deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be
		assumed by the policy, in violation of Section
		143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly.

		Applies only to forms issued for vehicles designed for highway use.
Requirements for radius	215 ILCS	Forms that include a radius restriction may not
restrictions.	5/143(2)	-
restrictions.	<u>3/143(2)</u>	exclude liability coverage entirely when a vehicle
		is outside of the radius, but must provide at least
		the minimum financial responsibility limit as
		shown on the Certificate of Insurance. Any forms
		that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed
		to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that
		are purported to be assumed by the policy, in
		violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
Named driver exclusions.	Illinois court	Illinois courts have upheld named-driver
	<u>cases</u>	exclusions if the form was signed by the named
Applies only to policies issued for		insured. Any forms that contain provisions to the
vehicles designed for highway use.	<u>215 ILCS</u>	contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and
	<u>5/143(2)</u>	conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect
		the risks that are purported to be assumed by the
		policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
		Applies only to policies issued for vehicles
		designed for highway use.
Diminution In Value (Property	215 ILCS	Diminution in Value language is prohibited in
Damage - 3rd Party Liability)	5/143(2)	third party liability coverage. The proper measure
		of damages is according to general tort law. In
		Illinois the body of law controlling the measure of
		damages in tort cases is set forth in the Illinois
		Pattern Jury Instructions. In general, the measure
		of damages in cases of property damage is the
		reasonable value of necessary repairs and/or the
		difference between the property's fair market value
		immediately before and after the event causing the
		damage. If after the repairs are performed to the
		real property there is still a decrease in the fair
		market value of the property then the plaintiff is
		also entitled to the diminution in market value of
		the property. Any forms that contain provisions to

Exception for excluding class of persons.	<u>50 IL Adm.</u> Code 921	the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly. Policy may not exclude a class of persons solely as a consideration of the rate class applied thereto, nor shall such a provision be included in any automobile insurance policy unless the insured, because of unusual hazards or exposures, would not otherwise meet the company's normal underwriting standards for acceptance.
Exclusions for certain kinds of	50 IL Adm.	Policy may not exclude standard or optional
vehicle equipment are prohibited.	Code 924	equipment available from the manufacturer of the
		auto named in the policy for that make, model, and
Applies only to vehicles that are of		model year unless the company issues an
the private passenger or station wagon type.		endorsement signed by the named insured.
		Any such endorsement must contain the following information:
		a) The named insured's signature.
		b) The date the endorsement was signed by the
		named insured.
		c) The policy number.
		d) Identification of the specific item or items to
		be excluded from the named insured's policy as a result of the endorsement.
		e) Specific identification of the automobile to
		which the endorsement applies.
		This prohibition does not apply to:
		a) loss of or damage to any device or instrument
		designed for the recording, reproduction,
		receiving, or transmittal of sound, radio waves,
		microwaves or television signals unless such
		device or instrument is permanently installed in
		the dash or console opening specified by the
		manufacturer of the motor vehicle for the

		vehicle owners' policies insure every named insured and any other person using the vehicle
		with the express or implied permission of the
		named insured. Stated or named driver forms are
		prohibited.
MOLD	REFERENCE	
		REQUIREMENTS
Filing procedures and requirements	- ·	Please refer to Company Bulletin 2002-07 for
for exclusions and limitations related to mold.	<u>Bulletin 2002-</u> 07	specific information and guidance.
	<u>07</u>	
TERRORISM	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Terrorism Risk Insurance Program	<u>Company</u>	Please refer to Company Bulletin 2015-03 for
	Dullatin 2015	
Reauthorization Act of 2015 and	Bulletin 2015-	specific information and guidance.
Reauthorization Act of 2015 and Filing Procedures and	<u>03</u>	specific information and guidance.
		specific information and guidance.
Filing Procedures and		specific information and guidance.
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism-		
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates.	03	
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates.	03	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates. <b>GROUP POLICIES</b>	03 REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates. <b>GROUP POLICIES</b>	03 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS Group vehicle insurance is vehicle insurance
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates. <b>GROUP POLICIES</b> Group vehicle insurance defined.	03 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS Group vehicle insurance is vehicle insurance covering not less than 10 employees, members or
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates. <b>GROUP POLICIES</b> Group vehicle insurance defined. Group vehicle policies may	03 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS Group vehicle insurance is vehicle insurance covering not less than 10 employees, members or employees of members, written under a master policy issued to any governmental corporation,
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates. <b>GROUP POLICIES</b> Group vehicle insurance defined. Group vehicle policies may provide coverage for physical	03 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS Group vehicle insurance is vehicle insurance covering not less than 10 employees, members or employees of members, written under a master policy issued to any governmental corporation, unit, agency or Department thereof, or to any
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates. <b>GROUP POLICIES</b> Group vehicle insurance defined. Group vehicle policies may provide coverage for physical	03 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS Group vehicle insurance is vehicle insurance covering not less than 10 employees, members or employees of members, written under a master policy issued to any governmental corporation, unit, agency or Department thereof, or to any corporation, co-partnership, individual employer,
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates. <b>GROUP POLICIES</b> Group vehicle insurance defined. Group vehicle policies may provide coverage for physical damage, liability or both.	03 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS Group vehicle insurance is vehicle insurance covering not less than 10 employees, members or employees of members, written under a master policy issued to any governmental corporation, unit, agency or Department thereof, or to any corporation, co-partnership, individual employer, or to any association upon application of an
Filing Procedures and Requirements for Terrorism- Related Forms, Rules and Rates. <b>GROUP POLICIES</b> Group vehicle insurance defined. Group vehicle policies may provide coverage for physical damage, liability or both. A group physical damage policy	03 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS Group vehicle insurance is vehicle insurance covering not less than 10 employees, members or employees of members, written under a master policy issued to any governmental corporation, unit, agency or Department thereof, or to any corporation, co-partnership, individual employer,

insurance requirements and must		obtaining insurance, where officers, members,
contain a warning to that effect.		employees, employees of members or classes or
		Department thereof, may be insured for their
		individual benefit.
		In addition, a group vehicle policy may be written
		to insure any group which may be insured under a group life insurance policy.
		The term "employees" shall include the officers,
		managers and employees of subsidiary or affiliated corporations, and the individual proprietors,
		partners and employees of affiliated individuals
		and firms, when the business of such subsidiary or
		affiliated corporations, firms or individuals, is
		controlled by a common employer through stock
		ownership, contract or otherwise.
		Group vehicle insurance policies may provide
		physical damage coverage, liability coverage, or a
		combination of physical damage and liability.
		A group physical damage policy and a certificate
		incidental to that policy, issued in accordance with
		this Section, does not meet the mandatory
		insurance requirements under the IL Vehicle Code
		and must contain a warning to the consumer that
		the policy does not comply with those
		requirements.
Group vehicle insurance	215 ILCS	Any insurer authorized to write Class 2(b) and/or
authorized.	<u>5/388b</u>	Class 3(e) of Section 4 of the Code may issue
Insurers with Class 2(b) and/or	215 ILCS 5/4	group vehicle policies.
Class 3(e) authority may write	<u>215 ILCS 5/4</u>	Such policies must be filed per Section 143 and
group vehicle.	215 ILCS	shall include provisions required by Sections
Broup tomoto.	5/143(2)	388c-388f.
Such policies must be filed in		
accordance with Section 143.	625 ILCS 7-317	A group vehicle insurance policy that provides
		liability coverage must comply with the

Such policies must comply with		requirements of Section 7-317 of the IL Vehicle
Section 7-317 of the IL Vehicle		Code.
Code.		
"Entire contract" specified.	215 ILCS	Group vehicle insurance policies shall provide that
	5/ <u>388c</u>	the policy, the application of the employer, or
		executive officer or trustee of any association, and
		the individual applications, if any, of the
		employees, members, or employees of members
		insured shall constitute the entire contract between
		the parties, and that all statements made by the
		employer, or the executive officer or trustee, or by
		the individual employees, members, or employees
		of members shall, in the absence of fraud, be
		deemed representations and not warranties, and
		that no such statement shall be used in defense to a
		claim under the policy, unless it is contained in a
		written application.
Certificates required.	215 ILCS	Each group vehicle insurance policy shall provide
	<u>5/388d</u>	that the insurer will issue to the employer, or to the
		executive officer or trustee of the association, for
		delivery to the employee, member, or employee of
		a member, who is insured under such policy, an
		individual certificate setting forth a statement as to
		the insurance protection to which he is entitled and
		to whom payable and, at the request of any
		participating member or employee that has
		liability insurance coverage, will issue a certificate
		of his vehicle insurance to the Secretary of State as
		proof of the insured's financial responsibility in
		compliance with the IL Vehicle Code.
New members of group.	215 ILCS	Each group vehicle policy shall provide that, to the
	<u>5/388e</u>	group or class thereof originally insured, shall be
		added from time to time all new employees of the
		employer, members of the association, or
		employees of members eligible to and applying for
		insurance in such group or class, but participation
		in the group plan shall not be required as a
		condition of employment, nor shall any member

		not participating in the plan be coerced or
		discriminated against.
Conversion rights.	215 ILCS	Each group vehicle insurance policy shall provide
	5/388f	that any member of the group shall have the right
		to convert his group policy to an individual
		standard policy of insurance in the same company
		as offered by the insurer to the non-group insureds
		upon termination of his connection with the group
		extending him the same limits of coverage.
Cancellation restricted.	215 ILCS	Insurer may not cancel the insurance of an
	5/388g	individual member of a group covered by a group
		vehicle insurance policy, except for the non-
		payment of premium by such member, or unless
		the insurance for the entire group is cancelled. In
		such cases, notice of cancellation as provided in
		like-non-group policies shall be given to each
		member and, when appropriate, to the Secretary of
		State.
LIMITS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Minimum limits for Bodily Injury	<u>625 ILCS 5/7-</u>	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are
Liability and Property Damage	<u>625 ILCS 5/7-</u> 203	
		Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are \$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.
Liability and Property Damage		Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are \$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident. Minimum Property Damage liability limits are
Liability and Property Damage Liability	203	Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are \$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident. Minimum Property Damage liability limits are \$20,000 per accident.
Liability and Property Damage	203	Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are \$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident. Minimum Property Damage liability limits are \$20,000 per accident. <b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY	203 REFERENCE	Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are \$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident. Minimum Property Damage liability limits are \$20,000 per accident. <b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b> <b>REQUIREMENTS</b>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that	203 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are \$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident. Minimum Property Damage liability limits are \$20,000 per accident. <b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b> <b>REQUIREMENTS</b> If the form contains a provision that limits time for
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that contain provisions that limit time	203 REFERENCE	<ul> <li>Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are</li> <li>\$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.</li> <li>Minimum Property Damage liability limits are</li> <li>\$20,000 per accident.</li> <li>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS</li> <li>If the form contains a provision that limits time for bringing suit against the company under the</li> </ul>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that contain provisions that limit time for bringing suit against the	203 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	<ul> <li>Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are</li> <li>\$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.</li> <li>Minimum Property Damage liability limits are</li> <li>\$20,000 per accident.</li> <li>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS</li> <li>If the form contains a provision that limits time for</li> <li>bringing suit against the company under the</li> <li>Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM)</li> </ul>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that contain provisions that limit time for bringing suit against the company for Underinsured	203 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	<ul> <li>Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are</li> <li>\$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.</li> <li>Minimum Property Damage liability limits are</li> <li>\$20,000 per accident.</li> <li>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS REQUIREMENTS</li> <li>If the form contains a provision that limits time for bringing suit against the company under the Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM) coverage, the language must state that time for</li> </ul>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that contain provisions that limit time for bringing suit against the company for Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM)	203 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	<ul> <li>Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are</li> <li>\$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.</li> <li>Minimum Property Damage liability limits are</li> <li>\$20,000 per accident.</li> <li><b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b> <b>REQUIREMENTS</b></li> <li>If the form contains a provision that limits time for</li> <li>bringing suit against the company under the</li> <li>Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM)</li> <li>coverage, the language must state that time for</li> <li>bringing suit shall begin after a judgment is</li> </ul>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that contain provisions that limit time for bringing suit against the company for Underinsured	203 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	<ul> <li>Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are</li> <li>\$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.</li> <li>Minimum Property Damage liability limits are</li> <li>\$20,000 per accident.</li> <li><b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b> <b>REQUIREMENTS</b></li> <li>If the form contains a provision that limits time for bringing suit against the company under the Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM) coverage, the language must state that time for bringing suit shall begin after a judgment is rendered rather than after the accident, so as not to</li> </ul>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that contain provisions that limit time for bringing suit against the company for Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM)	203 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	<ul> <li>Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are</li> <li>\$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.</li> <li>Minimum Property Damage liability limits are</li> <li>\$20,000 per accident.</li> <li><b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b> <b>REQUIREMENTS</b></li> <li>If the form contains a provision that limits time for bringing suit against the company under the Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM) coverage, the language must state that time for bringing suit shall begin after a judgment is rendered rather than after the accident, so as not to conflict with the exhaustion clause. Any forms</li> </ul>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that contain provisions that limit time for bringing suit against the company for Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM)	203 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	<ul> <li>Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are</li> <li>\$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.</li> <li>Minimum Property Damage liability limits are</li> <li>\$20,000 per accident.</li> <li><b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b> <b>REQUIREMENTS</b></li> <li>If the form contains a provision that limits time for bringing suit against the company under the Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM) coverage, the language must state that time for bringing suit shall begin after a judgment is rendered rather than after the accident, so as not to conflict with the exhaustion clause. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed</li> </ul>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that contain provisions that limit time for bringing suit against the company for Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM)	203 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	<ul> <li>Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are</li> <li>\$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.</li> <li>Minimum Property Damage liability limits are</li> <li>\$20,000 per accident.</li> <li><b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b> <b>REQUIREMENTS</b></li> <li>If the form contains a provision that limits time for bringing suit against the company under the Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM) coverage, the language must state that time for bringing suit shall begin after a judgment is rendered rather than after the accident, so as not to conflict with the exhaustion clause. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that</li> </ul>
Liability and Property Damage Liability ACTION AGAINST COMPANY Requirements for forms that contain provisions that limit time for bringing suit against the company for Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM)	203 REFERENCE 215 ILCS	<ul> <li>Minimum Bodily Injury liability limits are</li> <li>\$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident.</li> <li>Minimum Property Damage liability limits are</li> <li>\$20,000 per accident.</li> <li><b>DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS</b> <b>REQUIREMENTS</b></li> <li>If the form contains a provision that limits time for bringing suit against the company under the Underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM) coverage, the language must state that time for bringing suit shall begin after a judgment is rendered rather than after the accident, so as not to conflict with the exhaustion clause. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed</li> </ul>

Periods of limitation tolled.	<u>215 ILCS</u> 5/143.1	violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly. If the form contains a provision limiting the period of time within which the insured may bring suit, the provision must state that the running of such period is tolled from the date proof of loss is filed until the date the claim is denied in whole or in
Periods of limitation tolled.		If the form contains a provision limiting the period of time within which the insured may bring suit, the provision must state that the running of such period is tolled from the date proof of loss is filed
eriods of limitation tolled.		of time within which the insured may bring suit, the provision must state that the running of such period is tolled from the date proof of loss is filed
	5/143.1	the provision must state that the running of such period is tolled from the date proof of loss is filed
		period is tolled from the date proof of loss is filed
		until the date the claim is denied in whole or in
		until the date the claim is defined in whole of in
		part.
DEFENSE COSTS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Defense costs may not be included	1 <u>215 ILCS</u>	Defense costs must be paid as supplement to the
n limits of liability.	5/143(2)	limits of liability. Defense costs may not be
		included in the limits of liability. Any forms that
		contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to
		contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that
		are purported to be assumed by the policy, in
		violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
PAYMENT OF LOSS TIME	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
PERIOD		REQUIREMENTS
f a form states when a claim will	50 IL Adm.	If a form contains a provision stating when a claim
be paid, the language must	Code 919.50	shall be paid, the provision must comply with this
conform to this Rule.		Rule that states that the insurer shall affirm or
		deny liability on claims within a reasonable time
		and shall offer payment within 30 days of
		affirmation of liability if the amount of the claim
		is determined and not in dispute. For those
		portions of the claim which are not in dispute and
		the payee is known, the insurer shall tender
		payment within said 30 days.
MINIMUM STANDARDS FOI	<b>REFERENCE</b>	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
CONTENT (POLICIES AND		REQUIREMENTS
STANDARD FORMS)		
Coverage for temporary substitute	215 ILCS	Forms must provide, at a minimum, excess
vehicles is required.	5/143(2)	liability and physical damage coverage for
-		temporary substitute vehicles if the form would
		have covered the out of service vehicle. Any forms
		that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed
Coverage for temporary substitute		liability and physical damage coverage for

		, , , , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
		to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that
		are purported to be assumed by the policy, in
		violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
Self-insured retention	625 ILCS 5/7-	Policies with self-insured retentions for liability
endorsements.	<u>502</u>	coverage may only be issued to those persons with
		more than 25 motor vehicles registered in their
		name and who have obtained a certificate of self-
		insurance issued by the Director.
Liability deductible endorsements.	625 ILCS 5/7-	All liability deductible endorsements shall provide
	317	first dollar payment by stating that the company
		will pay the deductible to settle any claim. The
		company may then seek reimbursement for the
		deductible amount from the insured. Failure to
		reimburse a deductible may not be construed as
		nonpayment of premium for cancellation of the
		policy.
Garage customer liability.	625 ILCS 5/5-	If a new or used vehicle dealer or an employee of
	101,102	such dealer provides a vehicle to a customer as a
		permissive user while the user's auto is being
		repaired or evaluated, and such user has auto
		liability coverage providing limits of at least
		\$100,000/300,000 bodily injury (BI) and \$50,000
		property damage (PD), the permissive user's
		coverage shall be primary and the dealer's liability
		coverage shall be secondary. However, if the
		permissive user does not have liability coverage,
		or has liability limits less than \$100,000/300,000
		BI and \$50,000 PD, then the dealer's liability
		coverage shall be primary and the permissive
		user's liability coverage shall be secondary. If a
		customer is test-driving a dealer's vehicle, then the
		dealer's policy shall be primary.
Liability coverage for stated	625 ILCS 5/7-	The Financial Responsibility Act requires that all
drivers only is prohibited.	317(b) 2	vehicle owners' policies insure every named
		insured and any other person using the vehicle
		with the express or implied permission of the
		inter the enpress of implied permission of the

		named insured. Stated or named driver forms are
		prohibited.
OTHER INSURANCE	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Requirements for "Other	215 ILCS	"Other Insurance" provisions must state that
Insurance" provisions.	<u>5/143(2)</u>	coverage under the policy will share
		proportionately with other similar coverages.
		However, coverage for non-owned autos may state
		that coverage is excess. Any forms that contain
		provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain
		exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or
		deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be
		assumed by the policy, in violation of Section
		143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly.
PUNITIVE DAMAGES	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Punitive damages	95 IL. App. 34	An insurer may not reimburse an insured for
	<u>3d 1122</u>	punitive damages assessed as a result of the
		insured's own misconduct. If form excludes
	2 <u>15 ILCS</u>	coverage for punitive damages, the form must
	5/143(2)	state that it provides a defense for claims
		involving both compensatory and punitive
		damages. Any forms that contain provisions to the
		contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and
		conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect
		the risks that are purported to be assumed by the
		policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
REBATES	REFERENCE	
		REQUIREMENTS
-		No insurer, agent or broker shall offer, give, etc.,
prohibited.		any rebate of premium, agent's commission,
	<u>215 ILCS 5/152</u>	profits, dividends, or any special advantage in date
Rebates penalties		of policy or age of issue, or any other valuable
		consideration or inducement, upon issuance or
		renewal, which is not specified in the policy
		contract of insurance.

		However, insurers may pay a bonus to policyholders or abate their premiums, in whole or in part, out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance. Insurers may also offer a child passenger restraint system, or a discount from the purchase price of a child passenger restraining system to policyholders, when the purpose of such system is the safety of a child and compliance with the
		<ul> <li>"Child Passenger Protection Act."</li> <li>No insured or applicant shall directly or indirectly receive or accept any rebate of premium or agent's or broker's commission, or any favor or advantage, or any valuable consideration or inducement, other than such as is specified in the policy.</li> <li>Any company or person violating any provision of Section 151 shall be guilty of a Class B</li> </ul>
		misdemeanor.
	DEFEDENCE	
UNINSURED/UNDERINSURED MOTORISTS	REFERENCE	
MOTORISTS Requirements for Minimum	2 <u>15 ILCS</u>	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Forms that include coverage for bodily injury
MOTORISTS Requirements for Minimum Uninsured Motorist Bodily Injury		<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Forms that include coverage for bodily injury liability must also include coverage for Uninsured
MOTORISTS Requirements for Minimum	2 <u>15 ILCS</u>	<b>REQUIREMENTS</b> Forms that include coverage for bodily injury

for details to ensure that all forms comply with requirements.Applies only to policies issued for vehicles designed for highway use.Requirements for Increased Limits215 ILCS \$/143a=2of Uninsured Motorist Bodily Injury (UM) Coverage and Additional Underinsured MotoristsForms that include bodily injury limits greater (currently \$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident) must include Uninsured MotoristsBodily Injury (UIM) Coverage. Applies only to policies issued for hychicles designed for highway use.Forms that include coverage equal to the insured's BI limits, unless specifically rejected by the insured's rejection of additional UM liability limits must include underinsured Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM) coverage equal to the insured's BI limits, unless specifically rejected by the insured's BI limits, unless specifically rejected by the insured's BI limits, unless specifically rejected by Motorists Bodily Injury (UIM) coverage equal to the insured's BI limits.Social Security benefits may not be Roberts v. deducted from Underinsured Motorist Bodily Injury (UIM) limit.Roberts v. Supreme Court CaseCoverage for permissive drivers 215 ILCS autos215 ILCS Permissive drivers must have the same limits of Solidy injury liability, property damage liability, uninsured and underinsured motorists liability and medical payments as a named insured.Requirements for forms that autos215 ILCS Solidy Si the form contains a provision that limits time for bringing suit against the		<u> </u>	Also includes other requirements. See apositio low
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	contain provisions that limit time	<u>5/143(2)</u>	bringing suit against the company under the UIM
company for UIM coverage. bringing suit shall begin after a judgment is	for bringing suit against the		coverage, the language must state that time for
	company for UIM coverage.		bringing suit shall begin after a judgment is

		rendered rather than after the accident, so as not to
		conflict with the exhaustion clause. Any forms
		that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed
		to contain exceptions and conditions that
		unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that
		are purported to be assumed by the policy, in
		violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
VOIDANCE	REFERENCE	
VOIDANCE	NEFENCE	REQUIREMENTS
Dequipments to magin degration		
	<u>215 ILCS 5/154</u>	A policy may not be rescinded, defeated or
for misrepresentation or false		avoided unless the misrepresentation is stated in
warranty.		the policy, endorsement or rider attached thereto,
		or in the written application therefore, and was
		made with the actual intent to deceive, or
		materially affected either the acceptance of the
		risk or the hazard assumed by the company.
MISCELLANEOUS	REFERENCE	
		REQUIREMENTS
3 6	<u>215 ILCS</u>	Illinois courts do not award prejudgment interest.
	<u>5/143(2)</u>	However, if a form references payment of
		prejudgment interest, then such payment must be a
		arrenten anto my a arrene an din at maid within the
		supplementary coverage and not paid within the
		policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to
		policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to
		policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and
		policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect
		policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the
Post-judgment interest.		policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly.
	215 ILCS	policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly. If a form references payment of post-judgment
	215 ILCS	policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly. If a form references payment of post-judgment interest, then such payment must be a
	215 ILCS	policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly. If a form references payment of post-judgment interest, then such payment must be a supplementary coverage and not paid within the
	215 ILCS	policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly. If a form references payment of post-judgment interest, then such payment must be a supplementary coverage and not paid within the policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to
	215 ILCS	policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly. If a form references payment of post-judgment interest, then such payment must be a supplementary coverage and not paid within the policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and
	215 ILCS	policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect the risks that are purported to be assumed by the policy, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be disapproved accordingly. If a form references payment of post-judgment interest, then such payment must be a supplementary coverage and not paid within the policy limits. Any forms that contain provisions to the contrary are deemed to contain exceptions and conditions that unreasonably or deceptively affect

Endorsements that amend another	215 ILCS	An endorsement cannot be used to amend another
endorsement are prohibited.	5/143(2)	endorsement. Such endorsements are deemed to
		result in inconsistent, ambiguous, or misleading
		clauses, in violation of Section 143(2) and will be
		disapproved accordingly.
Requirements for termination of	215 ILCS	Insurers must notify the Director of the
line of business.	5/143.11a	termination of a line of insurance, as well as the
		reasons for the action, 90 days before termination
		of any policy is effective.
Negative response roll-ons are	215 ILCS 5/429	Form changes that are optional may not be applied
prohibited.		"automatically unless the insured rejects." Insureds
ſ		must be offered the option and must respond
		affirmatively for the change to apply. To apply the
		option automatically unless rejected is to engage
		in an unfair or deceptive act or practice.
RATE, RULE, RATING PLAN,	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
CLASSIFICATION, AND		REQUIREMENTS
TERRITORY FILING		
REQUIREMENTS		
Taxicab rates and rules must be	50 IL Adm.	Taxicab rate and rule filings are use and file. Such
filed no later than 10 days after the	Code 754	rate and rule filings must be received by the
stated effective date.		Department no later than 10 days after their stated effective dates.
		enective dates.
"Me too" filings are not allowed.		Company Rate Information shall be completed for
		each company when a filing is being submitted
Advisory organizations no longer		that includes:
make rate and rule filings in		A) Overall % Indicated Change.
Illinois, so the sections dealing		A) Overall % Indicated Change.
with third party filers for rates and		B) Overall % Rate Impact – This is the statewide
rules do not apply.		average percentage change to the accepted rates
		for the coverages included for each company.
		C) Written premium change for this program –
		This is the statewide change in written premium
		based on the proposed overall percentage rate
		impact for each company.
		D) Number of policyholders offected for this
		D) Number of policyholders affected for this program – This is the number of policyholders
		affected by the overall percentage rate impact for
		each company.

		E) Written promium for this program. This is the
		E) Written premium for this program – This is the statewide written premium for each company.
		F) Maximum % Change.
		G) Minimum % Change.
		NOTE: Advisory organizations no longer file rates and rules in Illinois. Therefore, each company must file its own rates and rules.
For all other lines of commercial		For all other lines of commercial auto insurance
automobile insurance listed on		listed on page 1 of this checklist, rates and rules
page 1 of this checklist, rates and		are not required to be filed in Illinois.
rules are not required to be filed in		-
Illinois.		
INDIVIDUAL RISK RATING	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Individual risks.	50 IL Adm.	Insurers are not required to file rates for individual
		Illinois risks which cannot be rated in the normal
		course of business rating because of special or
		unusual characteristics and must be rated on the
		basis of underwriting judgment.
		Insurers must maintain documentary information
		regarding such individual risk rates for review by
		the Department's Property & Casualty Compliance
		Unit.
		Insurers are not required to file rates on individual
		risks where the development of the rate for the
		individual risk is dependent on an inspection of
		improvements on real property and an application
		of a schedule, the elements of which include loss
		ratio, hazard analysis, risk analysis and
		classification of municipal fire defenses.
		However, the company must maintain
		documentary information and records in its
		offices, which will be available for review by the
		Department's Property & Casualty Compliance
		Unit.
		01111.

DISCOUNTS	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Defensive driving discount	215 ILCS	Auto liability policies must include rate/premium
requirements.	5/143.29	reductions for insureds over age 55 who
		successfully complete a defensive driving course.
		Also includes specific time frames for how long
		the reduction must remain in effect.
		Requirement does not apply to fleet policies or
		commercial unless there is a regularly assigned
		principal operator.
		See specific law for details.
OTHER FEES	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Insurers may not surcharge or	625 ILCS 5/7-	Insurers may not surcharge or impose fee for
charge a fee for making a Financial	<u>317(l)</u>	having to file a Financial Responsibility
filing.		Certificate.
Applies only to policies issued for		This section contains other requirements for
vehicles designed for highway use.		financial responsibility filings see law for
		specific information and guidance.
		Applies only to policies issued for vehicles
		designed for highway use.
OTHER	REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF REVIEW STANDARDS
		REQUIREMENTS
Bodily injury liability base rates.	215 ILCS	The base rate for bodily injury liability must be the
	<u>5/155.17</u>	same for all territories within a city with a
		population of 2,000,000 or more. Currently in
		Illinois, this applies only to the city of Chicago.
Rating decisions based solely on	215 ILCS	No insurer may that issues a property and casualty
domestic violence.	<u>5/155.22b</u>	policy may use the fact that an applicant or insured
		incurred bodily injury as a result of a battery
		committed against him/her by a spouse or person
		in the same household as a sole reason for a rating
		decision.
Unfair methods of competition or		It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and
unfair or deceptive acts or practices	<u>5/424(3)</u>	deceptive act or practice if a company makes or
defined.		permits any unfair discrimination between
		individuals or risks of the same class or of

		essentially the same hazard and expense element
		because of the race, color, religion, or national
		origin of such insurance risks or applicants.
Unfair methods of competition or	215 ILCS	It is an unfair method of competition or unfair and
unfair or deceptive acts or practices	<u>5/424(5)</u>	deceptive act or practice if a company makes or
defined.		charges any rate for insurance against losses
		arising from the use or ownership of a motor
		vehicle which requires a higher premium of any
		person by reason of his physical handicap, race,
		color, religion, or national origin.
Procedure as to unfair methods of	215 ILCS 5/429	Outlines the procedures the Director follows when
competition or unfair or deceptive		he has reason to believe that a company is
acts or practices not defined.		engaging in unfair methods of competition or
		unfair or deceptive acts or practices.